Ratings as of 24-Aug-2025 Data as of 19-Aug-2025 VALUENTUM

Church & Dwight CHD FAIRLY VALUED

Economic Castle Attractive

Estimated Fair Value \$95.00

Fair Value Range \$76.00 - \$114.00

3 Buying Index™ Value Rating **Investment Style** Sector

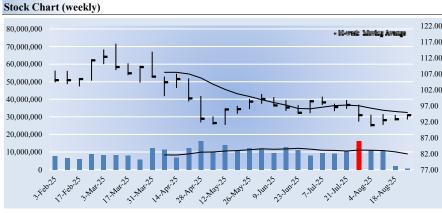
LARGE-CAP VALUE

JALUENTUM

Industry Consumer Staples

Recession Resistant

Though Church & Dwight is benefiting from a trade down to value liquid detergent, the company is facing some weakness as it relates to some of its discretionary brands.



volume out of the last 30 weeks wa

Company Vitals

Market Cap (USD)	\$23,102
Avg Weekly Vol (30 wks)	9,690
30-week Range (USD)	90.51 - 116.46
Valuentum Sector	Consumer Staples
5-week Return	-2.9%
13-week Return	-4.5%
30-week Return	-10.4%
Dividend Yield %	1.3%
Dividends per Share	1.18
Forward Dividend Payout Ra	atio 33.6%
Est. Normal Diluted EPS	4.40
P/E on Est. Normal Diluted I	EPS 21.4
Est. Normal EBITDA	1,648
Forward EV/EBITDA	17.5
EV/Est. Normal EBITDA	14.8
Forward Revenue Growth (5	-yr) 3.0%
Forward EPS Growth (5-yr) NMF = Not Meaningful; Est. = Estimated; FY	18.2% Z = Fiscal Year

Returns Summary 3-year Historical Average Return on Equity 15.7% Return on Assets 6.9% 18.0% ROIC, with goodwill 28.1% ROIC, without goodwill ROIC = Return on Invested Capital: NMF = Not Meaningful

Leverage, Coverage, and Liquidity

In Millions of USI

Total Debt Net Debt Total Debt/EBITDA Net Debt/EBITDA EBITDA/Interest Current Ratio Quick Ratio NMF = Not Meaningful

Investment Highlights

· Church & Dwight is a leader in the household products industry and boasts such strong brands as Arm & Hammer, First Response, Nair, OxiClean, Orajel, and WaterPik. It operates under three segments: 'Consumer Domestic.' 'Consumer International,' and 'Specialty Products Division.' The firm has an investment grade credit rating (A3/BBB+).

% · Church & Dwight is not opposed to acquisitions, and 8 it has bought many of its 'Power Brands' since 2001. Looking ahead, Church & Dwight continues to pursue potential M&A opportunities, though the firm has a n sizable net debt load. Δ

· Church & Dwight manufacturers sodium bicarbonate (baking soda) at its plants in Ohio and Wyoming. Soda ash is used in the production of baking soda and the primary source of soda ash is the mineral trona. Church & Dwight has ample trona reserves under mineral leases and it also has agreements with thirdparties to ensure stable supplies of raw materials.

· Church & Dwight generates roughly four fifths of its sales in the U.S. and its digital presence continues to improve. The firm has placed a great emphasis on growing its international business given its long growth runway on this front. Launching new products under its leading brands is a core part of its business.

· Church & Dwight has paid dividends for the past 2.205 120+ consecutive years. In the near-term, Church & 1,241 Dwight is using price increases to offset headwinds from rising raw material costs and transportation 1.6 expenses. 0.9

Structure of the Household Products Industry 14.8

Firms in the household products industry sell some of the most recognized branded consumer packaged goods in the world and 1.7

often hold a significant market share position in a variety of product categories. Though the industry is characterized by stiff 1.2 competition from retailers' private-label brands, constituents tend to boast meaningful competitive advantages due to their brand strength/reputation and generate high returns on invested capital. Household products companies remain tied to the vicissitudes of consumer spending, but we tend to like the structure of the group.

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GOOD

Investment Considerations DCF Valuation FAIRLY VALUED Relative Valuation UNATTRACTIVE ValueCreation[™] EXCELLENT ValueRisk™ LOW ValueTrend™ POSITIVE Cash Flow Generation STRONG MEDIUM Financial Leverage Growth MODEST Technical Evaluation BEARISH Relative Strength WEAK Money Flow Index (MFI) NEUTRAL Upside/Downside Volume (U/D) IMPROVING Near-term Technical Resistance, 10-wk MA 95.00 DCF = Discounted Cash Flow; MFI, U/D = Please see glossary. MA = Moving Average

Business Quality	ValueCreation TM					
ValueRisk™	Very Poor	Poor	Good	Excellent		
Low						
Medium						
High						
Very High						
Firms that generate economic profits with little operating variability score near the top right of the matrix.						
Relative Valuation Forward P/E PEG Price / FV						
Coca-Cola		23.4	2.7	111.6%		
Philip Morris		24.4	1.9	102.9%		
Procter & Gamble		23.5	2.0	98.0%		
Wal-Mart		36.8	1.8	103.5%		
Peer Median		23.9	2.0	103.2%		
Church & Dwight	t	26.8	2.2	99.0%		

Price / FV = Current Stock Price divided by Estimated Fair Value

	Financial Summary	Actua	Actual		
	Fiscal Year End:	Dec-23	Dec-24	Dec-25	
	Revenue	5,868	6,107	6,149	
	Revenue, YoY%	9.2%	4.1%	0.7%	
	Operating Income	1,057	1,164	1,148	
	Operating Margin %	18.0%	19.1%	18.7%	
,	Net Income	756	585	863	
	Net Income Margin %	12.9%	9.6%	14.0%	
	Diluted EPS	3.05	2.37	3.51	
	Diluted EPS, YoY %	81.6%	-22.3%	48.3%	
	Free Cash Flow (CFO-capex)	807	976	1,115	
	Free Cash Flow Margin % In Millions of USD (except for per share items)	13.8%	16.0%	18.1%	

Economic Profit Analysis

ValueCreation[™]

EXCELLENT Retu

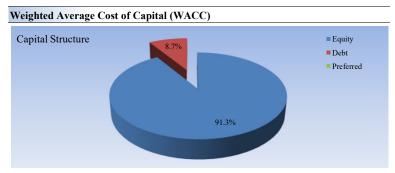
POSITIVE

The best measure of a firm's ability to create value for shareholders is expressed by comparing its return on invested capital (ROIC) with its weighted average cost of capital (WACC). The gap or difference between ROIC and WACC is called the firm's economic profit spread. Church & Dwight's 3-year historical return on invested capital (without goodwill) is 28.1%, which is above the estimate of its cost of capital of 8.8%. As such, we assign the firm a ValueCreation[™] rating of EXCELLENT. In the chart to the right, we show the probable path of ROIC in the years ahead based on the estimated volatility of key drivers behind the measure. The solid grey line reflects the most likely outcome, in our opinion, and represents the scenario that results in our fair value estimate.

ROIC - WACC Spread, 3-year historical average	19.3%
ROIC - WACC Spread, 5-year projected average	31.3%
These spreads equal the firm's annual average ROIC (excluding goodwill) less its WACC.	

ValueTrendTM

Church & Dwight receives a ValueTrend[™] rating of POSITIVE, which is based on the company's trailing three-year performance. The firm's ROIC (excluding goodwill) increased to 33.3% last year from its trailing 3-year average of 28.1%. We expect ROIC (excluding goodwill) to be in the ballpark of about 49% by the end of our discrete forecast period, with upside potential to about 59% over that time period.



<u>Cost of Equity</u>

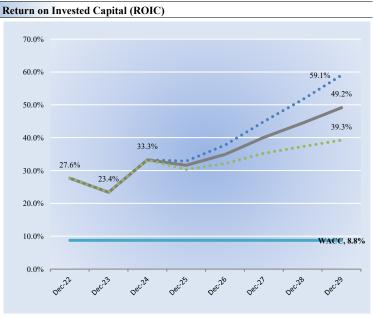
Risk Free Rate Assumption	4.3%
Fundamental Beta (ERP multiplier)	0.8
Estimated Equity Risk Premium	6.5%
Cost of Equity Assumption	9.2%

Risk Free Rate Assumption	4.39
Synthetic Credit Spread	1.220
Cost of Debt Assumption	5.59
Cash Tax Rate Assumption	20.09
After-tax Cost of Debt Assumption	4.49

Preferred Dividends0Value of Preferred Stock0Cost of Preferred AssumptionNA

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Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC) ERP = Equity Risk Premium



The graph above shows the firm's ROIC (excluding goodwill) compared with historical averages and its WACC.

Assessment of Company Dividend Strategy

Key Strengths

Church & Dwight's portfolio is represented by 14 'Power Brands' (many of which were acquired since 2001) including Arm & Hammer and OxiClean. The company is highly acquisitive, and it intends to continue pursuing M&A opportunities going forward. Roughly four-fifths of its sales are generated in the U.S. The firm is looking towards international markets for growth while maintaining its domestic strength. Its e-commerce presence continues to improve. Church & Dwight has paid dividends for the past 120+ consecutive years. We expect that the firm's payout will continue to grow at a nice clip going forward.

Potential Weaknesses4.3%One of the biggest risks to Church & Dwight's dividend is its large net debt load, a
product of its acquisitive past. Management intends to continue pursuing acquisitions
going forward which could weigh negatively on the pace of the company's future
dividend expansion. Church & Dwight operates in an extremely competitive industry
and potential pricing pressures could create sizable headwinds for its financial
performance. Share repurchases are a core part of Church & Dwight's capital
allocation strategy, which compete for capital against its dividend. However, the

allocation strategy, which compete for capital against its dividend. However, the company is a tremendous generator of free cash flow, and its Dividend Cushion ratio remains healthy.

Note: Valuentum may provide an adjusted ROIC measure to better reflect the economic substance of a company's operations, as in the case of companies with negative invested capital.

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8.8%

Church & Dwight CHD FAIRLY VALUED

	-		Buying mack
Economic Castle	Estimated Fair Value	Fair Value Range	Investment Style
Attractive	\$95.00	\$76.00 - \$114.00	LARGE-CAP VALUE

3 Buving Index™ Value Rating Sector Consumer Staples Recession Resistant

(10=best)

Growth Analysis

Revenue Growth				MODEST
		Last Fiscal		
		Year	3-year Historical	5-year Projected
		Revenue	CAGR	CAGR
Church & Dwight	USD	6,107	5.6%	3.0%
Coca-Cola	USD	47,061	6.8%	4.6%
Philip Morris	USD	37,878	6.4%	7.2%
Procter & Gamble	USD	84,039	1.6%	3.2%
Wal-Mart	USD	680,985	5.9%	4.7%
Peer Median			6.2%	4.6%
Industry Median			3.7%	2.8%

Church & Dwight's revenue expansion has trailed the median of its peer group but has been greater than that of its industry group during the past three years. We expect the firm's revenue to trail its peer group but outpace that of its industry group during the next five years. Our growth assessment of each firm is based on the firm's 5-year forward revenue CAGR. Church & Dwight's future pace of revenue growth is MODEST, in our opinion.

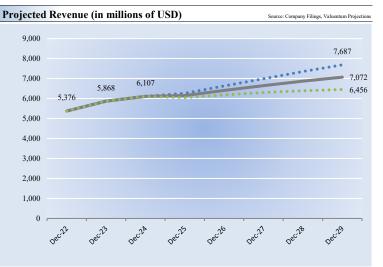
EBITDA Growth

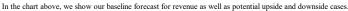
		Last Fiscal		
		Year EBITDA	3-year Historical CAGR	5-year Projected CAGR
Church & Dwight	USD	1,403	5.0%	6.8%
Coca-Cola	USD	15,376	6.1%	8.6%
Philip Morris	USD	15,002	2.2%	11.4%
Procter & Gamble	USD	23,844	4.0%	7.5%
Wal-Mart	USD	42,321	5.0%	14.9%
Peer Median			4.5%	10.0%
Industry Median			3.2%	5.7%

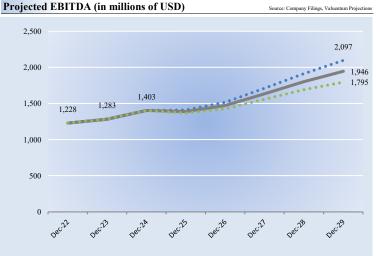
Church & Dwight's EBITDA expansion has been greater than that of both its peer group and industry group during the past three years. We expect the firm's EBITDA to trail its peer group but outpace that of its industry group during the next five years. Wal-Mart sports the highest EBITDA growth rate among peers.

Net Income Growth				
		Last Fiscal Year Net Income	3-year Historical CAGR	5-year Projected CAGR
Church & Dwight	USD	585	-10.9%	17.6%
Coca-Cola	USD	10,631	2.9%	10.6%
Philip Morris	USD	7,057	-8.2%	19.9%
Procter & Gamble	USD	14,879	1.3%	10.8%
Wal-Mart	USD	19,436	12.4%	21.3%
Peer Median			2.1%	15.4%
Industry Median			2.6%	10.1%

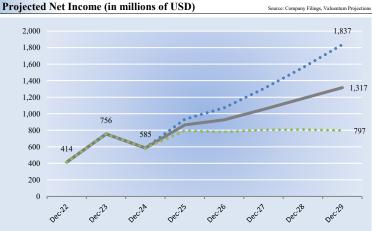
Church & Dwight's net income expansion has trailed both that of its peer group and its industry group during the past three years. We expect the firm's net income expansion to outpace its peer group and industry group during the next five years. Wal-Mart sports the highest net income growth rate among peers.







In the chart above, we show our baseline forecast for EBITDA as well as potential upside and downside cases.



In the chart above, we show our baseline forecast for net income as well as potential upside and downside cases

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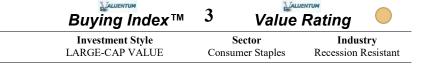


Industry

WALVENTUM

Church & Dwight CHD FAIRLY VALUED

Economic Castle	Estimated Fair Value
Attractive	\$95.00



(10=best)

Data as of 19-Aug-2025

Cash Flow and Financial Leverage Analysis



Fair Value Range

\$76.00 - \$114.00

The bars above show the firms operating cash flow, capital expenditures, and free cash flow, respectively.

Firms that generate a free cash flow margin (free cash flow divided by total revenue) above 5% are usually considered cash cows. Church & Dwight's free cash flow margin has averaged about 14.3% during the past 3 years. As such, we think the firm's cash flow generation is relatively STRONG. The free cash flow measure shown above is derived by taking cash flow from operations less capital expenditures and differs from enterprise free cash flow (FCFF), which we use in deriving our fair value estimate for the company. For more information on the differences between these two measures, please visit our website at Valuentum.com. At Church & Dwight, cash flow from operations increased about 31% from levels registered two years ago, while capital expenditures expanded about 1% over the same time period.

Cash Flow from Operations

		Last Fiscal Year CFO	3-year Historical CAGR	5-year Projected CAGR
Church & Dwight	USD	1,156	5.2%	10.1%
Coca-Cola	USD	6,805	-18.6%	24.2%
Philip Morris	USD	12,217	0.7%	11.3%
Procter & Gamble	USD	19,846	2.6%	9.4%
Wal-Mart	USD	36,443	14.7%	16.1%
Peer Median			1.6%	13.7%
Industry Median			2.6%	9.1%

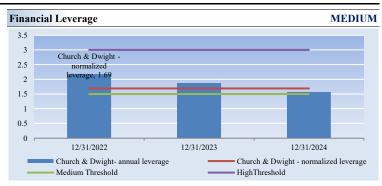
Church & Dwight's cash flow from operations expansion has been greater than that of both its peer group and industry group during the past three years. We expect the firm's cash flow from operations to trail its peer group but outpace that of its industry group during the next five years. Coca-Cola sports the highest expected cash flow from operations growth rate among peers.

Free Cash Flow (CFO-capital expenditures)

		Last Fiscal Year FCF	3-year Historical CAGR	5-year Projected CAGR
Church & Dwight	USD	976	3.7%	11.9%
Coca-Cola	USD	4,741	-25.0%	30.9%
Philip Morris	USD	10,773	-1.3%	12.4%
Procter & Gamble	USD	16,524	2.0%	10.7%
Wal-Mart	USD	12,660	4.6%	32.9%
Peer Median			0.3%	21.6%
Industry Median			2.7%	11.3%

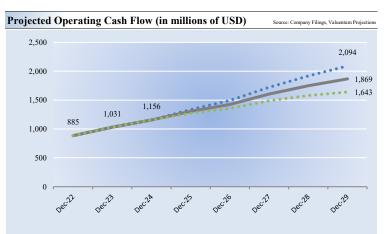
Church & Dwight's free cash flow expansion has been greater than that of both its peer group and industry group during the past three years. We expect the firm's free cash flow to trail its peer group but outpace that of its industry group during the next five years. Wal-Mart sports the highest expected free cash flow growth rate among peers.

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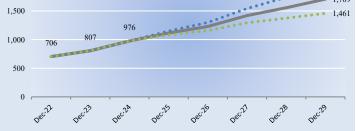
The bars above show the firm's annual debt-to-EBITDA. The red line shows the firm's normalized measure

Firms that exhibit high leverage tend to be more risky than firms with relatively low debt loads, all else equal. We measure financial leverage by taking a firm's current total debt load and dividing it by the firm's trailing average 3-year annual EBITDA. Firms that are over 3 for this metric, we rate as having high leverage. Companies that have less than 1.5 turns of leverage (or a measure below 1.5), we rate as having low leverage. Church & Dwight's normalized debt-to-EBITDA measure of about 1.69 puts it in the MEDIUM camp.



In the chart above, we show our baseline forecast for CFO as well as potential upside and downside cases.

Projected Free Cash Flow (in millions of USD) 2,500 2,000 1,958 1,705



In the chart above, we show our baseline forecast for free cash flow as well as potential upside and downside cases.

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Valuation Analysis

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Valuation Assumptions					
In Millions of USD (except for per share items)	5-year Projections				
Revenue CAGR %	3.0%				
Avg. EBIT Margin %	21.1%				
Avg. Cash Tax Rate %	20.0%				
Earnings Before Interest CAGR %	5.5%				
Earnings Per Share CAGR %	18.2%				
Free Cash Flow to the Firm CAGR %	6.0%				
Earnings before interest = Net operating profits less adjusted taxes	Long-term Projections				
Phase II> III FCFF CAGR %	2.1% (II) 3% (III)				
Cost of Equity %	9.2%				
After-tax Cost of Debt %	4.3%				
Discount Rate (WACC) %	8.8%				
Synthetic credit spread = 1.217%	Results				
Phase I Present Value	5,617				
Phase II Present Value	10,808				
Phase III Present Value	8,082				
Total Firm Value	24,507				
Net Balance Sheet Impact	-1,241				
Total Equity Value	23,267				
Diluted Shares Outstanding	245.7				
Fair Value per Share	\$95.00				

DCF Valuation Summary

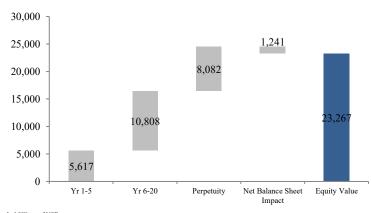
We think Church & Dwight is worth \$95 per share with a fair value range of \$76.00 - \$114.00. The margin of safety around our fair value estimate is driven by the firm's LOW ValueRiskTM rating, which is derived from an evaluation of the historical volatility of key valuation drivers and a future assessment of them. Our near-term operating forecasts, including revenue and earnings, do not differ much from consensus estimates or management guidance. Our model reflects a compound annual revenue growth rate of 3% during the next five years, a pace that is lower than the firm's 3-year historical compound annual growth rate of 5.6%. Our model reflects a 5-year projected average operating margin of 21.1%, which is above Church & Dwight's trailing 3-year average. Beyond year 5, we assume free cash flow will grow at an annual rate of 2.1% for the next 15 years and 3% in perpetuity. For Church & Dwight, we use a 8.8% weighted average cost of capital to discount future free cash flows.

Source: Company Filings, Valuentum Projections

Company Metrics versus Peer and Industry Medians

Valuation	Breakd	own
In the char	t helow	we

In the chart below, we show the build up to our estimate of total enterprise value for Church & Dwight and the break down to the firm's total equity value, which we estimate to be about 23.27USD billion. The present value of the enterprise free cash flows generated during each phase of our model and the net balance sheet impact is displayed. We divide total equity value by diluted shares outstanding to arrive at our \$95 per share fair value estimate.



In Millions of USD

Enterprise Free Cash Flow

Linter prise i ree Gusii i ion				
	Fiscal Year End:	12/31/2022	12/31/2023	12/31/2024
Earnings before Interest		1,187	1,024	1,388
+ Depreciation		91	97	114
- Capital Expenditures		179	224	180
- Change in Working Capital		101	-34	-18
- Acquisitions		547	0	20
Enterprise Free Cash Flow (FCFF)	452	931	1,321
In Millions of USD				

Our future forecasts for key valuation drivers result in a future free enterprise cash flow stream. Above, we show how we calculate enterprise free cash flow and the historical performance of the metric for Church & Dwight. Over the next five years, we expect the firm's enterprise free cash flow to expand at about a 6% compound annual growth rate. During years 6 through 20, we expect the measure to grow at a 2.1% rate. Beyond year 20 (in perpetuity), we grow the firm's free cash flow at inflation (3%).

Company Name	Valuentum Buying Index™	Forward Price-to- Earnings	P/E on Est. Normal Diluted EPS	Price/Earnings-to- Growth (PEG), 5- year	Forward EV/EBITDA	EV/Est. Normal EBITDA	5-year Forward Earnings per Share CAGR	3-year Hist Avg ROIC, without goodwill	Dividend Yield %	Stock Price / Fair Value Estimate
Church & Dwight	3	26.8	21.4	2.2	17.5	14.8	18.2%	28.1%	1.3%	99.0%
Coca-Cola	3	23.4	20.1	2.7	19.3	16.6	10.5%	43.8%	2.9%	111.6%
Philip Morris	3	24.4	19.2	1.9	17.9	14.8	20.5%	91.0%	3.1%	102.9%
Procter & Gamble	3	23.5	18.7	2.0	17.8	15.1	13.1%	46.7%	2.6%	98.0%
Wal-Mart	6	36.8	22.5	1.8	18.7	13.4	22.5%	23.5%	1.0%	103.5%
Peer Median	3.0	23.9	19.6	2.0	18.3	14.9	16.8%	45.2%	2.8%	103.2%
Industry Median	4.5	17.5	15.1	2.0	12.3	11.2	10.3%	24.6%	3.1%	98.2%

View back of report for a full list of industry constituents covered by Valuentum. VBI: Valuentum's ranking for the attractiveness of this investment at the date of the report.

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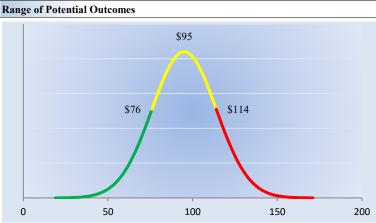


Church & Dwight CHD FAIRLY VALUED **Estimated Fair Value**

Economic Castle	
Attractive	

\$95.00 Attractive

Margin of Safety Analysis



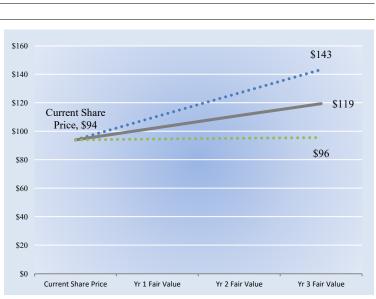
Fair Value Range

\$76.00 - \$114.00

Our discounted cash flow process values each firm on the basis of the present value of all future free cash flows. Although we estimate the firm's fair value at about \$95 per share, every company has a range of probable fair values that's created by the uncertainty of key valuation drivers (like future revenue or earnings, for example). After all, if the future were known with certainty, we wouldn't see much volatility in the markets as stocks would trade precisely at their known fair values. Our ValueRiskTM rating sets the margin of safety or the fair value range we assign to each stock. In the graph above, we show this probable range of fair values for Church & Dwight. We think the firm is attractive below \$76 per share (the green line), but quite expensive above \$114 per share (the red line). The prices that fall along the yellow line, which includes our fair value estimate, represent a reasonable valuation for the firm, in our opinion.

Future Path of Fair Value

We estimate Church & Dwight's fair value at this point in time to be about \$95 per share. As time passes, however, companies generate cash flow and pay out cash to shareholders in the form of dividends. The chart to the right compares the firm's current share price with the path of Church & Dwight's expected equity value per share over the next three years, assuming our long-term projections prove accurate. The range between the resulting downside fair value and upside fair value in Year 3 represents our best estimate of the value of the firm's shares three years hence. This range of potential outcomes is also subject to change over time, should our views on the firm's future cash flow potential change. The expected fair value of \$119 per share in Year 3 represents our existing fair value per share of \$95 increased at an annual rate of the firm's cost of equity less its dividend yield. The upside and downside ranges are derived in the same way, but from the upper and lower bounds of our fair value estimate range.



The graph above shows the expected future fair value of the firm's shares relative to its current stock price

(10=best)Data as of 19-Aug-2025 ALUENTUM WALVENTUM 3 Buying Index™ Value Rating **Investment Style** Industry Sector

Church & Dwight receives a ValueRisk[™] rating of LOW based of the historical

volatility of key drivers of economic value creation. The fair value range sets the

margin of safety around our fair value estimate of the firm's shares.

LARGE-CAP VALUE

ValueRiskTM

Consumer Staples

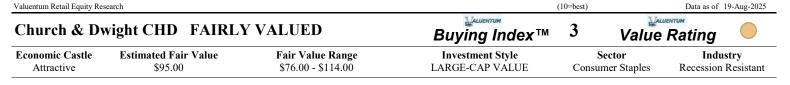
Recession Resistant

LOW

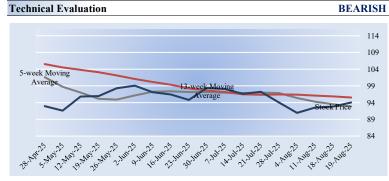
Revenue Volatility 7.0% Gross Margin Volatility 9.4% Earnings (EBI) Volatility 16.1% Cash Flow (FCFF) Volatility 35.6% Fair Value Range 20.0% The Fair Value Range sets the premium or discount on our estimate of the firm's fair value **Upside and Downside Probabilities** Probability (fair value < \$0) Less than 0.1% 0.00% Probability (fair value > 2x current share price) We strive to answer a few questions that investors often ask: 1) What are the chances of a total loss of investment in this company? and 2) What is the chance that the company is really worth twice what I paid for it? The probability (fair value < 0)

strives to answer the first question. It indicates the chance that the firm may encounter insolvency based on the characteristics of its cash flow stream, capital structure, and risk profile. The probability (fair value > 2x current share price) strives to answer the second question. It is our best estimate of whether investors are participating in a half-off sale by buying the company's shares at current prices.



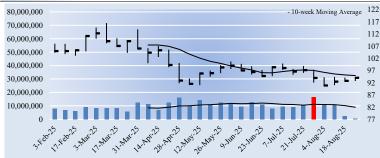


Technical Analysis

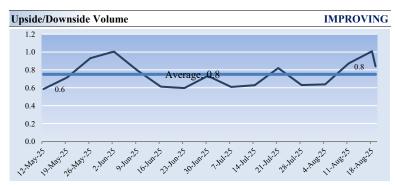


The firm's near-term moving average (5-week, grey line) and medium-term moving average (13-week, red line) are shown in the chart above. Typically, when a shorterterm moving average crosses a medium- or longer-term moving average from below, it represents a bullish signal. If the short-term moving average crosses from above, traders often view this as bearish. Church & Dwight's 5-week moving average is below its 13week measure, indicating a BEARISH trend. This activity further confirms the company's 30-week downtrend.

30-week Price and Volume Chart (weekly)

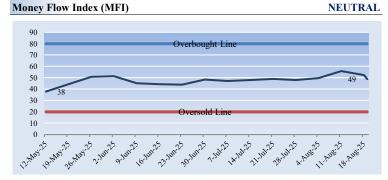


In the chart above, we pinpoint the heaviest accumulation or distribution week of the firm, determined by the week with the highest trading volume during the past 30 weeks. A heavy accumulation (buying) or distribution (selling) week often determines the future near-term direction of the firm's share price, as money managers continue to move in or out of the stock in the days and weeks ahead driving the stock up or down, respectively. For Church & Dwight, the week with the highest trading volume out of the last 30 weeks was a week of heavy selling, or distribution (red bar). Such market activity could indicate a reversal of an uptrend or further confirmation of a downtrend.



The level and trend of the Upside/Downside (U/D) volume ratio reveals whether institutional participation has been bullish or bearish as of late. Although Church & Dwight's U/D volume ratio of 0.8 is less than 1, it resides above its trailing average, indicating bearish but IMPROVING institutional interest during the past several weeks.

nse Valu



The Money Flow Index (MFI) is an oscillator that uses price and volume to measure buying and selling pressure. Chartists often look for overbought (above 80) and oversold (below 20) levels to warn of unsustainable near-term price extremes. Church & Dwight's MFI of 49 (green line) is neutral, suggesting the firm's stock is neither overbought nor oversold at this time. However, a score below 50 tends to favor bears. The MFI can also be used to gauge the strength or weakness of a firm's price trend. In Church & Dwight's case, its stock has generally declined during the past several weeks, but money flow or momentum has improved, a bullish divergence. We'd keep a close watch for improving technicals.

Relative Price Strength

A firm's relative price strength can be assessed over any number of time horizons. We show the firm's performance over the past 5 weeks, 13 weeks, and 30 weeks below. In arriving at our relative strength rating for each company, we assess the past 13 weeks, which includes the market's reaction to the firm's most recently reported quarter, where applicable, and other more recent economic events. During the past 13 weeks, Church & Dwight's shares returned -4.5%, while the market benchmark returned 8.1%. We think Church & Dwight's 13-week relative price performance is WEAK

5-week Company Performance	-2.9%
5-week Market Benchmark Performance	2.0%
5-week Relative Performance vs. Market Benchmark	-4.9%
13-week Company Performance	-4.5%
13-week Market Benchmark Performance	8.1%
13-week Relative Performance vs. Market Benchmark	-12.5%
30-week Company Performance	-10.4%
30-week Market Benchmark Performance	5.8%
30-week Relative Performance vs. Market Benchmark	-16.3%

Timeliness M	latrix TM	Equity Valuation			
Relative Strength	Overvalued	Fairly Valued	Undervalued		
Strong					
Neutral					
Weak					

Firms that are undervalued and currently showing near-term pricing strength score near the top right of the matrix

Companies that are undervalued and showing near-term relative price strength could represent timely buys, as the stock may be attractive to both value and momentum investors. A cross section of the firm's equity valuation and its relative share price strength is shown in the matrix above. We tend to prefer undervalued stocks that have strong pricing momentum, also called Valuentum stocks.

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WEAK

Church & Dv	wight CHD FAIRLY	VALUED	4	ng Index™	3 Value	Rating
Economic Castle Attractive	Estimated Fair Value \$95.00	Fair Value Range \$76.00 - \$114.00		ment Style CAP VALUE	Sector Consumer Staples	Industry Recession Resistant
Pro Forma In	ncome Statement					
In Millions of USD (except for per share items)		Historical		Proje	ected
		Dec-22	2 Dec-23	Dec-24	Dec-25	Dec-2
Total Revenue		5,376	5,868	6,107	6,149	6,402
Cost of Goods Sold		3,126	3,279	3,317	3,356	3,473
Selling, General and	Administrative Expenses	1,241	1,531	1,626	1,645	1,703
Other Operating Exp	enses	0	0	0	0	0
Operating Income		1,009	1,057	1,164	1,148	1,226
Unusual items		0	0	0	0	0
Operating Income, in	cluding unusual items	1,009	1,057	1,164	1,148	1,226
Interest Expense		(90) (111)	(95)	(95)	(95
Other Non-operating	Income	(396) 21	(313)	26	26
Pre-tax Income		523	967	756	1,079	1,157
Income Taxes		109	212	171	216	231
Income after tax		414	756	585	863	926
Minority Interest and	l Equity Income	0	0	0	0	0
Net Income, excludin	ng extra items	414	756	585	863	926
Income Available to) Common, excluding extra item	s 414	756	585	863	926
Diluted Earnings pe	er Share, excluding extra items	1.68	3.05	2.37	3.51	3.79
Diluted Weighted Sh	ares Outstanding	246.3	247.6	246.9	245.7	244.4

Source: Company Filings, Xignite, Valuentum Projections

Note: Pro forma data in discounted cash-flow valuation may reflect significant adjustments from GAAP accounting data, including cash (not effective) tax rates and other analytical adjustments on a backward-looking and forward-looking basis. No individual data, by itself, found in this report should be used to make any investment decision.



Valuentum Retail Equity Research			(10=best)		Data as of 1	9-Aug-2025	
Church & Dwight CHD FAIRLY VALUED		Buying Index™	3	*	Rating		
Economic Castle Attractive	Estimated Fair Value \$95.00	Fair Value Range \$76.00 - \$114.00	Investment Style LARGE-CAP VALUE		ector ner Staples	Indus Recession	

Pro Forma Balance Sheet

		Historical		Projected	
In Millions of USD (except for per share items)	Dec-22	Dec-23	Dec-24	Dec-25	Dec-26
Assets					
Total Cash (including marketable securities)	270	345	964	1,673	2,483
Inventory	647	613	613	622	646
Accounts Receivable	422	527	601	597	614
Other Current Assets	57	45	62	62	62
Total Current Assets	1,396	1,530	2,241	2,955	3,806
Gross Fixed Assets	1,764	2,003	2,034	2,223	2,417
(Accumulated Depreciation)	(840)	(890)	(920)	(1,035)	(1,155)
Net Property, Plant, and Equipment	924	1,114	1,114	1,188	1,263
Goodwill, Net	2,427	2,432	2,433	2,433	2,433
Intangibles, Net	3,432	3,302	2,889	2,764	2,639
Other Long-term Assets	168	192	207	207	207
Total Assets	8,346	8,569	8,883	9,547	10,347
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	667	631	705	715	742
Other Current Liabilities	443	588	611	607	623
Current Portion of Long-term Debt	74	204	0	0	0
Total Current Liabilities	1,184	1,422	1,316	1,322	1,365
Long-term Debt	2,600	2,202	2,205	2,205	2,205
Other Long-term Liabilities	1,072	1,090	1,002	1,002	1,002
Total Liabilities	4,856	4,714	4,522	4,528	4,572
Preferred Stock	0	0	0	0	0
Shareholders' Equity					
Common Stock and Additional Paid in Capital	660	749	857	857	857
Retained Earnings	5,525	6,012	6,320	6,893	7,516
Other Equity	(2,695)	(2,905)	(2,816)	(2,732)	(2,597)
Total Shareholders' Equity	3,490	3,855	4,361	5,018	5,776
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	8,346	8,569	8,883	9,547	10,347

Source: Company Filings, Xignite, Valuentum Projections

Note: Pro forma data in discounted cash-flow valuation may reflect significant adjustments from GAAP accounting data, including cash (not effective) tax rates and other analytical adjustments on a backward-looking and forward-looking basis. No individual data, by itself, found in this report should be used to make any investment decision.



Church & Dwight CHD FAIRLY VALUED 3 Buying Index™ Value Rating **Estimated Fair Value Economic Castle** Fair Value Range Investment Style Sector Industry \$76.00 - \$114.00 Attractive \$95.00 LARGE-CAP VALUE Consumer Staples **Recession Resistant**

Pro Forma Cash Flow Statement

		Historical		Projected	
In Millions of USD (except for per share items)					
	Dec-22	Dec-23	Dec-24	Dec-25	Dec-26
Cash from Operations					
Net Income	414	756	585	863	926
Depreciation and Amortization	219	225	239	240	245
Deferred Income Taxes	0	0	0	0	0
Operating Gains Or Losses	252	50	332	200	250
Changes in Working Capital	0	0	0	0	3
Cash Flow from Operations	885	1,031	1,156	1,304	1,423
Cash from Investing					
Purchase of Property, Plant, Equipment	(179)	(224)	(180)	(189)	(194)
Other Investing Cash Flows	(550)	(11)	(4)	0	0
Cash Flow from Investing	(729)	(234)	(183)	(189)	(194)
Cash from Financing					
Issuance (Retirement) of Stock	26	(188)	143	(116)	(116)
Issuance (Retirement) of Debt	120	(271)	(208)	0	0
Dividends Paid	(255)	(267)	(277)	(290)	(303)
Other Financing Cash Flows	(12)	(0)	(1)	0	0
Cash Flow from Financing	(121)	(726)	(343)	(406)	(418)
Foreign Exchange	(6)	4	(10)	0	0
Net Change in Cash	30	74	620	709	810

Source: Company Filings, Xignite, Valuentum Projections

Note: Pro forma data in discounted cash-flow valuation may reflect significant adjustments from GAAP accounting data, including cash (not effective) tax rates and other analytical adjustments on a backward-looking and forward-looking basis. No individual data, by itself, found in this report should be used to make any investment decision.



Church & Dwight CHD FAIRLY VALUED

	MALUENTUM

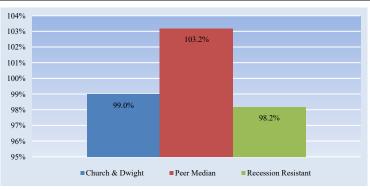
(10=best)

VALUENTUM

3 Buying Index[™] Value Rating **Economic Castle Estimated Fair Value** Fair Value Range **Investment Style** Sector Industry Attractive \$95.00 \$76.00 - \$114.00 LARGE-CAP VALUE Consumer Staples Recession Resistant

Recession Resistant

Recession Resistant FAIRLY VALUED We think the Recession Resistant industry is fairly valued at this time. The industry's market cap is trading between 80% and 120% of our estimate of its fair value based on our DCF process. Although we use a firm-specific ValueRisk[™] measure to determine whether a firm is undervalued or overvalued based on our DCF process, we consider an industry to be undervalued if it is trading below 80% of our estimate of its fair value and overvalued if it is trading at over 120% of our estimate of its fair value. We think these fair value ranges are appropriate given the diversification benefits of holding a basket of stocks. Although there may be individual opportunities within the Recession Resistant industry, we don't find the industry as a whole attractive based solely on valuation.



The above bar chart reveals the price/fair value of the company, its peers, and the industry as a whole.

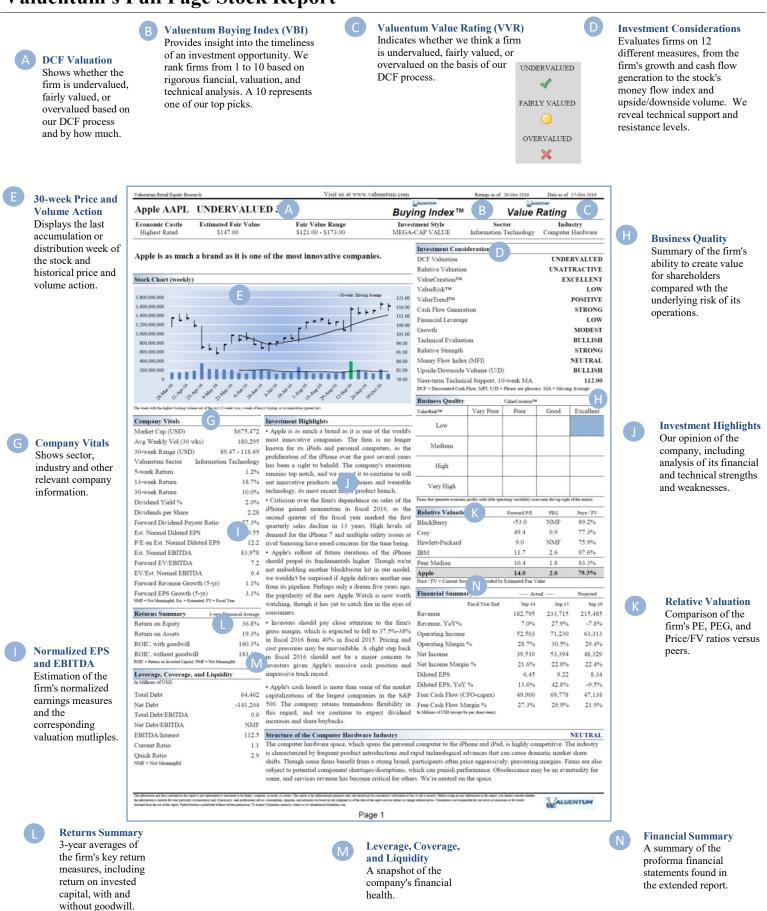
Shaded blue denotes that the firm has earned the highest rating for that respective category.

Company Name	Ticker	Market Cap (USD- mil)	Investment Style	DCF Valuation	Relative Valuation	ValueCreation™	ValueRisk™	ValueTrend™	Technicals	Relative Strength
Altria Group	МО	106,138	LARGE-CAP CORE	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	EXCELLENT	LOW	NEGATIVE	BULLISH	STRONG
Anheuser-Busch InBev	BUD	125,461	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	EXCELLENT	MEDIUM	POSITIVE	BEARISH	WEAK
Archer-Daniels-Midland	ADM	23,762	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	GOOD	MEDIUM	NEGATIVE	BULLISH	STRONG
Campbell Soup	CPB	9,237	MID-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	MEDIUM	POSITIVE	NEUTRAL	WEAK
Casey's General	CASY	18,592	LARGE-CAP CORE	FAIRLY VALUED	UNATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	MEDIUM	POSITIVE	BULLISH	STRONG
Church & Dwight	CHD	23,102	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	UNATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	LOW	POSITIVE	BEARISH	WEAK
Clorox	CLX	15,681	LARGE-CAP CORE	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	EXCELLENT	LOW	NEGATIVE	BEARISH	WEAK
Coca-Cola	ко	303,826	MEGA-CAP CORE	FAIRLY VALUED	UNATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	MEDIUM	NEGATIVE	BEARISH	STRONG
Colgate-Palmolive	CL	68,745	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	EXCELLENT	LOW	POSITIVE	BEARISH	NEUTRAL
Costco	COST	443,811	MEGA-CAP CORE	FAIRLY VALUED	UNATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	LOW	POSITIVE	BULLISH	STRONG
Fresh Del Monte	FDP	1,719	SMALL-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	POOR	LOW	NEGATIVE	BULLISH	WEAK
General Mills	GIS	27,284	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	EXCELLENT	LOW	NEGATIVE	BEARISH	WEAK
Hormel Foods	HRL	16,987	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	EXCELLENT	LOW	POSITIVE	BULLISH	STRONG
Kellanova	К	27,592	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	LOW	POSITIVE	BULLISH	STRONG
Keurig Dr Pepper	KDP	45,421	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	GOOD	LOW	POSITIVE	VERY BEARISH	STRONG
Kimberly-Clark	KMB	44,676	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	EXCELLENT	LOW	POSITIVE	BEARISH	STRONG
Kraft Heinz	KHC	32,553	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	POOR	MEDIUM	POSITIVE	VERY BEARISH	NEUTRAL
Kroger	KR	46,526	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	GOOD	MEDIUM	NEGATIVE	BEARISH	STRONG
Marzetti Co.	MZTI	4,925	MID-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	UNATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	MEDIUM	POSITIVE	BULLISH	STRONG
McCormick	MKC	20,573	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	UNATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	MEDIUM	NEGATIVE	BULLISH	STRONG
Molson Coors	TAP	10,810	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	GOOD	LOW	NEGATIVE	BULLISH	WEAK
Mondelez Intl	MDLZ	85,306	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	LOW	POSITIVE	BEARISH	NEUTRAL
PepsiCo	PEP	180,573	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	LOW	POSITIVE	BEARISH	WEAK
Philip Morris	PM	274,035	MEGA-CAP CORE	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	EXCELLENT	LOW	NEGATIVE	VERY BEARISH	STRONG
Procter & Gamble	PG	397,160	MEGA-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	EXCELLENT	LOW	POSITIVE	VERY BEARISH	NEUTRAL
Smucker	SJM	11,630	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	EXCELLENT	LOW	POSITIVE	BULLISH	NEUTRAL
Sysco	SYY	39,243	LARGE-CAP CORE	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	EXCELLENT	MEDIUM	NEGATIVE	NEUTRAL	STRONG
Target	TGT	48,835	LARGE-CAP CORE	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	EXCELLENT	LOW	POSITIVE	BULLISH	STRONG
Tyson Foods	TSN	19,530	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	GOOD	MEDIUM	NEGATIVE	BEARISH	WEAK
Wal-Mart	WMT	786,039	MEGA-CAP CORE	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	EXCELLENT	LOW	NEGATIVE	BULLISH	STRONG
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Valuentum's Full Page Stock Report



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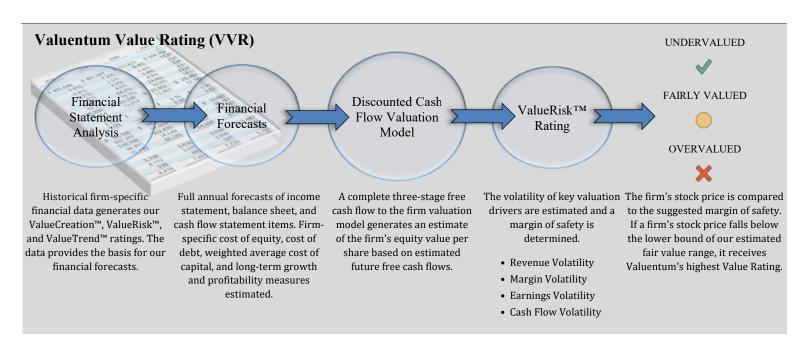
About Valuentum

@Valuentum, we strive to stand out from the crowd. Most investment research publishers fall into a few camps, whether it be value, growth, income, momentum, chartist or some variant of the aforementioned. We think each in its own right holds merit, but we think the combination of these approaches can be even more powerful. After all, stock price movements aren't just driven by investors of the value or growth variety, but by all market participants. Therefore, we look at stocks from a variety of investment perspectives in order to better understand and identify ideas. We want to provide relevant information.

The core of our process is grounded in rigorous discounted cash flow analysis and incorporates the concept of a margin of safety. We offer a fair value estimate for each company and provide a relative valuation assessment in the context of a company's industry and closest peers. A cross section of our ValueCreationTM and ValueRiskTM ratings provides a financial assessment of a company's business quality, while our ValueTrendTM rating offers insight into the trajectory of a firm's economic profit creation. The Economic Castle rating measures the magnitude of future economic value generation, and the Dividend Cushion ratio assesses the financial capacity of a company to keep raising its dividend. Our analysis doesn't stop there. We also offer a technical evaluation of the stock as well as other momentum indicators. We not only want to reveal to readers which firms may be undervalued, in our view, but we also want to provide readers with information to help them assess entry and exit points. Most research publishers focus on arriving at a target price or fair value estimate, but may fall short of providing a technical assessment to bolster buy and sell disciplines. We strive to go the distance and provide readers with answers--not half the story.

An explanation of our approach would not be complete if we didn't describe our ideal stock idea. We're looking for companies that are undervalued--both on a DCF basis and versus peers--have strong growth potential, have a solid track record of creating economic profits for shareholders with reasonable risk, are strong cash flow generators, have manageable financial leverage, and are currently showing bullish technical and momentum indicators. For dividend growth ideas, we look for companies that have both the capacity and willingness to keep raising the dividend.

Can such stock ideas exist? Subscribe to Valuentum to receive our best investment ideas and analysis on hundreds of stocks, dividends, ETFs and more.



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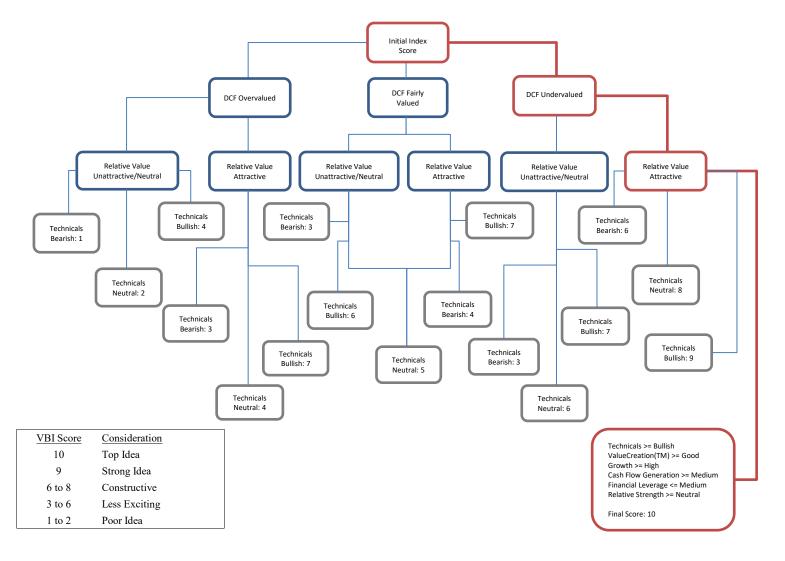
Methodology for Picking Stocks - Valuentum Buying IndexTM (VBI)

@Valuentum, we like to look at companies from a number of different perspectives. The Valuentum Buying Index (VBI) combines rigorous financial and valuation analysis with an evaluation of a stock's technicals to derive a rating between 1 and 10 for each company. The VBI places considerable emphasis on a company's discounted cashflow (DCF) valuation, its relative valuation versus peers (both forward PE and PEG ratios), and its technicals in order to help readers assess entry and exit points on the most interesting ideas.

Let's follow the red line on the flow chart below to see how a company can score a 10, the best mark on the index. First, the company would need to be 'undervalued' on a DCF basis and 'attractive' on a relative value basis. The stock would also have to be exhibiting 'bullish' technicals. The firm would need a ValueCreationTM rating of 'good' or 'excellent', exhibit 'high' or 'aggressive' growth prospects, and generate at least a 'medium' or 'neutral' assessment for cash flow generation, financial leverage, and relative price strength.

This is a tall order for any company. Stocks that don't make the cut for a 10 are ranked accordingly, with the least attractive stocks, in our opinion, garnering a rating of 1. Most of our coverage universe registers ratings between 3 and 7, but at any given time there could be large number of companies garnering either very high or very low scores, especially at market lows or tops, respectively.

The Best Ideas Newsletter portfolio puts the VBI into practice.





Glossary

Estimated Fair Value. This measure is our opinion of the fair equity value per share of the company. If our forecasts prove accurate, which may not always be the case, we may expect a firm's stock price to converge to this value within the next 3 years.

Fair Value Range. The fair value range represents an upper bound and lower bound, between which we would consider the firm to be fairly valued. The range considers our estimate of the firm's fair value and the margin of safety suggested by the volatility of key valuation drivers, including revenue, gross margin, earnings before interest, and enterprise free cash flow (the determinants behind our ValueRisk[™] rating).

DCF Valuation. We opine on the firm's valuation based on our DCF process. Firms that are trading with an appropriate discount to our fair value estimate receive an UNDERVALUED rating. Firms that are trading within our fair value range receive a FAIRLY VALUED rating, while firms that are trading above the upper bound of our fair value range receive an OVERVALUED rating.

Relative Value. We compare the firm's forward price-to earnings (PE) ratio and its price/earnings-to-growth (PEG) ratio to that of its peers. If both measures fall below the peer median, the firm receives an ATTRACTIVE rating. If both are above the peer median, the firm receives an UNATTRACTIVE rating. Any other combination results in a NEUTRAL rating.

ValueCreation[™]. This is a proprietary Valuentum measure. ValueCreation[™] indicates the firm's historical track record in creating economic value for shareholders, taking the average difference between ROIC (without goodwill) and the firm's estimated WACC during the past three years. The firm's performance is measured along the scale of EXCELLENT, GOOD, POOR, and VERY POOR. Those firms with EXCELLENT ratings have a demonstrated track record of creating economic value, while those that register a VERY POOR mark have been destroying economic value.

ValueRisk[™]. This is a proprietary Valuentum measure. ValueRisk[™] indicates the historical volatility of key valuation drivers, including revenue, gross margin, earnings before interest, and enterprise free cash flow. The standard deviation of each measure is calculated and scaled against last year's measure to arrive at a percentage deviation for each item. These percentage deviations are weighted equally to arrive at the corresponding fair value range for each stock, measured in percentage terms. The firm's performance is measured along the scale of LOW, MEDIUM, HIGH, and VERY HIGH. The ValueRisk[™] rating for each firm also determines the fundamental beta of each firm along the following scale: LOW (0.85), MEDIUM (1), HIGH (1.15), VERY HIGH (1.3).

ValueTrend[™]. This is a proprietary Valuentum measure. ValueTrend[™] indicates the trajectory of the firm's return on invested capital (ROIC). Firms that earned an ROIC last year that was greater than the 3-year average of the measure earn a POSITIVE rating. Firms that earned an ROIC last year that was less than the 3-year average of the measure earn a NEGATIVE rating.

Cash Flow Generation. Firms' cash flow generation capacity are measured along the scale of STRONG, MEDIUM, and WEAK. A firm with a 3-year historical free cash flow margin (free cash flow divided by sales) greater than 5% receives a STRONG rating, while firms earning less than 1% of sales as free cash flow receive a WEAK rating.

Financial Leverage. Based on the firm's normalized debt-to-EBITDA metric, we rank firms on the following scale: LOW, MEDIUM, and HIGH. Companies with a normalized debt-to-EBITDA ratio below 1.5 receive a LOW score, while those with a measure above 3 receive a HIGH score.

Upside/Downside Volume. Heavy volume on up days and lower volume on down days suggests that institutions are heavily participating in a stock's upward advance. We use the trailing 14-week average of upside and downside volume to calculate an informative ratio. We rank each firm's U/D volume ratio along the following scale: BULLISH, IMPROVING, DETERIORATING, and BEARISH.

Investment Style. Valuentum uses its own proprietary stock-classification system. Nano-cap: Less than \$50 million; Micro-cap: Between \$50 million and \$200 million; Small-cap: Between \$200 million and \$2 billion; Mid-cap: Between \$2 billion and \$10 billion; Large-cap: Between \$10 billion and \$200 billion; Mega-cap: Over \$200 billion. Blend: Firm's that we think are undervalued and exhibit high growth prospects (growth in excess of three times the rate of assumed inflation). Value: Firm's that we believe are undervalued, but do not exhibit high growth prospects. Growth: Firms that are not undervalued, in our opinion, but exhibit high growth prospects. Core: Firms that are neither undervalued nor exhibit high growth prospects.

Company Vitals. In this section, we list key financial information and the sector and industry that Valuentum assigns to the stock. The P/E-Growth (5-yr), or PEG ratio, divides the current share price by last year's earnings (EPS) and then divides that quotient by our estimate of the firm's 5-year EPS growth rate. The estimated normalized diluted EPS and estimated normalized EBITDA represent the five-year forward average of these measures used in our discounted cash flow model. The P/E on estimated normalized EPS divides the current share price by estimated normalized diluted EPS. The EV/estimated normalized EBITDA considers the current enterprise value of the company and divides it by estimated normalized EBITDA. EV is defined as the firm's market capitalization plus total debt, minority interest, preferred stock less cash and cash equivalents.

Business Quality Matrix. We compare the firm's ValueCreationTM and ValueRiskTM ratings. The box is an easy way for investors to quickly assess the business quality of a company. Firms that generate economic profits with little operating variability score near the top right of the matrix.

Timeliness Matrix. We compare the company's recent stock performance relative to the market benchmark with our assessment of its valuation. Firms that are experiencing near-term stock price outperformance and are undervalued by our estimate may represent timely buys.

Range of Potential Outcomes. The firm's margin of safety is shown in the graphic of a normal distribution. We consider a firm to be undervalued if its stock price falls along the green line and overvalued if the stock price falls along the red line. We consider the firm to be fairly valued if its stock price falls along the yellow line.

Return on Invested Capital. At Valuentum, we place considerable emphasis on return on invested capital (both with and without goodwill). The measure focuses on the return (earnings) the company is generating on its operating assets and is superior to return on equity and return on assets, which can be skewed by a firm's leverage or excess cash balance, respectively.

Technical Evaluation. We evaluate a firm's near-term and medium-term moving averages and money flow index (MFI) to assign each firm a rating along the following scale: VERY BULLISH, BULLISH, NEUTRAL, BEARISH, and VERY BEARISH.

Stock Price Relative Strength. We assess the perfomance of the company's stock during the past quarter, 13 weeks, relative to an ETF that mirrors the aggregate performance of constituents of the stock market. Firms are measured along the scale of STRONG, NEUTRAL, and WEAK. Companies that have outperformed the market index by more than 2.5% during this 13-week period receive a STRONG rating, while firms that trailed the market index by more than 2.5% during this 13-week period receive a WEAK rating.

Money Flow Index (MFI). The MFI is a technical indicator that measures buying and selling pressure based on both price and volume. Traders typically use this measure to identify potential reversals with overbought and oversold levels. We use a 14-week measure to rank firms along the following scale: EXTREMELY OVERBOUGHT (>90), OVERBOUGHT (80-90), NEUTRAL (20-80), OVERSOLD (10-20), EXTREMELY OVERSOLD (0-10).

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To send us feedback or if you have any questions, please contact us at valuentum@valuentum.com. We're always looking for ways to better serve your investment needs and improve our research.

CHD Rating History	Price	Fair Value	VBI
19-Aug-25	\$94.04	\$95.00	3
16-May-25	\$94.72	\$93.00	3
14-Feb-25	\$105.00	\$105.00	3
25-Nov-24	\$111.46	\$102.00	6
5-Sep-24	\$105.17	\$102.00	6
17-Jun-24	\$109.22	\$100.00	6
22-Mar-24	\$104.60	\$91.00	6
2-Jan-24	\$95.06	\$84.00	6
27-Oct-23	\$90.11	\$83.00	3
2-May-23	\$97.02	\$80.00	4
16-Feb-23	\$82.77	\$74.00	6
28-Oct-22	\$76.37	\$78.00	3
7-Apr-22	\$102.62	\$83.00	4
18-Jun-21	\$83.68	\$77.00	3

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