Valuentum Retail Equity Research Visit us at www.valuentum.com Ratings as of 4-May-2025 Data as of 2-May-2025

Fair Value Range

Apple AAPL FAIRLY VALUED

Economic Castle

Estimated Fair Value

Buying Index™

Value Rating



Very Attractive \$235.00 \$188.00 - \$282.00 ME

We like big cap tech and large cap growth, and Apple is a leader in these categories. The company is working through patent challenges with its latest

Apple Watch, while the market assesses the launch of its 'Vision Pro.'

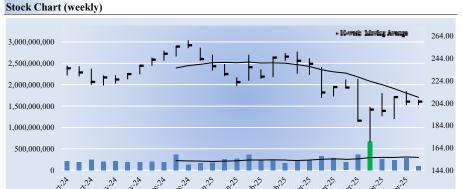
MEGA-CAP VALUE

Investment Style

Sector Information Technology

3

Industry
Technology Giants



he week with the highest trading volume out of the last 30 weeks was a week of heavy selling, or distribution (red bar)

Company Vitals	
Market Cap (USD)	\$3,132,413
Avg Weekly Vol (30 wks)	250,384
30-week Range (USD)	169.21 - 260.1
Valuentum Sector Informati	on Technology
5-week Return	15.9%
13-week Return	-10.6%
30-week Return	-10.2%
Dividend Yield %	0.5%
Dividends per Share	1.04
Forward Dividend Payout Ratio	14.4%
Est. Normal Diluted EPS	8.94
P/E on Est. Normal Diluted EPS	23.0
Est. Normal EBITDA	170,859
Forward EV/EBITDA	21.7
EV/Est. Normal EBITDA	18.0
Forward Revenue Growth (5-yr)	6.7%
Forward EPS Growth (5-yr) NMF = Not Meaningful; Est. = Estimated; FY = Fis	12.2% scal Year

Returns Summary	3-year Historical Average
Return on Equity	168.3%
Return on Assets	27.3%
ROIC, with goodwill	89.5%
ROIC, without goodwill ROIC = Return on Invested Capital; NMF =	89.5% Not Meaningful

Leverage, Coverage, and Liquidity		
In Millions of USD		
Total Debt	106,629	
Net Debt	-50,021	
Total Debt/EBITDA	0.8	
Net Debt/EBITDA	NMF	
EBITDA/Interest	Excellent	
Current Ratio	0.9	
Quick Ratio	1.3	

NMF = Not Meaningful

Investment Highlights

- Apple is as much a brand as it is one of the world's most innovative companies. The firm is no longer known for its iPods and personal computers thanks to the proliferation of the iPhone over the past decade. The company's execution remains top notch, and we expect it to continue to roll out innovative products in smartphones and wearable technology. Its 'Vision Pro' could spell upside.
- Though PC demand remains under pressure, Apple's rollout of future iterations of the iPhone should propel fundamentals. We're not embedding another blockbuster hit in our model, but we wouldn't be surprised if Apple delivers another in 'Vision Pro.' The sky is the limit when it comes to innovation at Apple.
- Apple's growing Services segment bodes well for its long-term profitability, and the segment is growing like a weed. Apple Pay is now accepted by a large percentage of US retailers. Wearables has been an area of strength, and Apple holds a large share of global smartwatch market. Its customer loyalty and installed base of devices are key competitive advantages.
- Though we're not too worried given Apple's bargaining power over suppliers, investors should pay close attention to the firm's gross margin. Pricing and cost pressures may be unavoidable at times, and currency exchange rates should not be ignored as Apple generates $\sim 60\%$ of its revenue outside the US.
- Apple's cash hoard is more than the market caps of some the largest firms in the S&P 500. It retains tremendous flexibility, and its dividend growth potential may be unmatched. Apple continues to aggressively buy back stock.

Investment Considerations	
DCF Valuation	FAIRLY VALUED
Relative Valuation	UNATTRACTIVE
ValueCreation TM	EXCELLENT
ValueRisk TM	LOW
ValueTrend TM	NEGATIVE
Cash Flow Generation	STRONG
Financial Leverage	LOW
Growth	MODEST
Technical Evaluation	BEARISH
Relative Strength	WEAK
Money Flow Index (MFI)	NEUTRAL
Upside/Downside Volume (U/D)	BEARISH

Near-term Technical Resistance, 10-wk MA 209.00
DCF = Discounted Cash Flow; MFI, U/D = Please see glossary. MA = Moving Average

Business Quality	ValueCreation [™]			
ValueRisk TM	Very Poor	Poor	Good	Excellent
Low				
Medium				
High				
Very High				

Firms that generate economic profits with little operating variability score near the top right of the matrix.

Relative Valuation	Forward P/E PEG		Price / FV
Alphabet	24.4	1.7	96.0%
Amazon.com	NMF	NMF	96.7%
Meta Platforms	25.7	1.7	98.1%
Microsoft	30.0	2.4	90.9%
Peer Median	25.7	1.7	96.3%
Apple	28.4	2.8	87.4%

Price / FV = Current Stock Price divided by Estimated Fair Value

Financial Summary	Actua	Projected	
Fiscal Year End:	Sep-23	Sep-24	Sep-25
Revenue	383,285	391,035	409,961
Revenue, YoY%	-2.8%	2.0%	4.8%
Operating Income	114,301	123,216	129,959
Operating Margin %	29.8%	31.5%	31.7%
Net Income	96,995	93,736	110,465
Net Income Margin %	25.3%	24.0%	26.9%
Diluted EPS	6.13	6.08	7.24
Diluted EPS, YoY %	0.3%	-0.8%	19.0%
Free Cash Flow (CFO-capex)	99,584	108,807	128,732
Free Cash Flow Margin % In Millions of USD (except for per share items)	26.0%	27.8%	31.4%

Structure of the Computer Hardware Industry

NEUTRAL

The computer hardware space, which spans the personal computer to the iPhone and iPad, is highly competitive. The industry is characterized by frequent product introductions and rapid technological advances that can cause dramatic market share shifts. Though some firms benefit from a strong brand, participants often price aggressively, pressuring margins. Firms are also subject to potential component shortages/disruptions, which can punish performance. Obsolescence may be an eventuality for some, and services revenue has become critical for others. We're neutral on the space.



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Economic Profit Analysis

ValueCreationTM EXCELLENT

The best measure of a firm's ability to create value for shareholders is expressed by comparing its return on invested capital (ROIC) with its weighted average cost of capital (WACC). The gap or difference between ROIC and WACC is called the firm's economic profit spread. Apple's 3-year historical return on invested capital (without goodwill) is 89.5%, which is above the estimate of its cost of capital of 7.4%. As such, we assign the firm a ValueCreationTM rating of EXCELLENT. In the chart to the right, we show the probable path of ROIC in the years ahead based on the estimated volatility of key drivers behind the measure. The solid grey line reflects the most likely outcome, in our opinion, and represents the scenario that results in our fair value estimate.

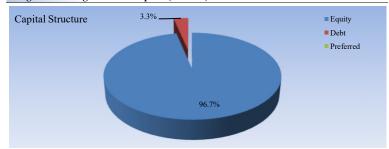
ROIC - WACC Spread, 3-year historical average	82.0%
ROIC - WACC Spread, 5-year projected average	120.9%

These spreads equal the firm's annual average ROIC (excluding goodwill) less its WACC.

ValueTrend™ NEGATIVE

Apple receives a ValueTrend™ rating of NEGATIVE, which is based on the company's trailing three-year performance. The firm's ROIC (excluding goodwill) fell to 88.2% last year from its trailing 3-year average of 89.5%. We expect ROIC (excluding goodwill) to be in the ballpark of about 179% by the end of our discrete forecast period, with downside risk to about 155% over that time period.

Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC)



Cost of Equity

Risk Free Rate Assumption	4.3%
Fundamental Beta (ERP multiplier)	0.5
Estimated Equity Risk Premium	6.5%
Cost of Equity Assumption	7.6%

After-tax Cost of Debt

Atter-tax cost of Debt	
Risk Free Rate Assumption	4.3%
Synthetic Credit Spread	1.29%
Cost of Debt Assumption	5.6%
Cash Tax Rate Assumption	15.0%
After-tax Cost of Debt Assumption	4.8%

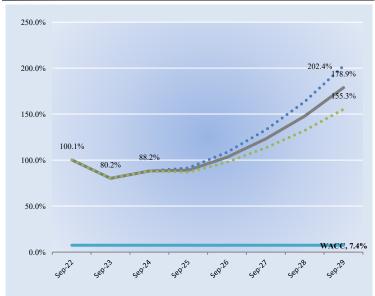
Cost of Preferred Stock

0
0
NA

Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC)

ERP = Equity Risk Premium

Adjusted Return on Invested Capital (ROIC)



The graph above shows the firm's ROIC (excluding goodwill) compared with historical averages and its WACC

Assessment of Company Dividend Strategy

Key Strengths

Along with being one of the most innovative companies, Apple boasts unparalleled brand strength, giving it a material competitive advantage. We love what it has built through its ecosystem of apps and the presence it has in the everyday lives of consumers. A core tenet of Apple's investment thesis, and its dividend strength (seen through its stellar Dividend Cushion ratio), is its massive net cash position. The company's tremendous free cash flow generation allows such a position to proliferate while continuing to pay a growing dividend. It averaged ~\$106.6 billion in free cash flow from fiscal 2022-2024, well in excess of annual run-rate cash dividend obligations of ~\$15 billion.

Potential Weaknesses

With such an impressive Dividend Cushion ratio, we have a difficult time finding large drawbacks in Apple's dividend growth profile. Competing capital allocation options have the potential to impact the pace of dividend expansion moving forward, specifically through strategic acquisitions of differentiated technology and share repurchases (which has been enormous in recent fiscal years). Apple recently launched a \$100 billion buyback program. We're not particularly fond of Apple's decision to go to a cash-neutral balance sheet, but it is far from a concern at this point in time. Supply chain hurdles have been hampering Apple's ability to meet strong demand of late, but that may very well be transitory.

Note: Valuentum may provide an adjusted ROIC measure to better reflect the economic substance of a company's operations, as in the case of companies with negative invested capital.



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Industry Technology Giants

Growth Analysis

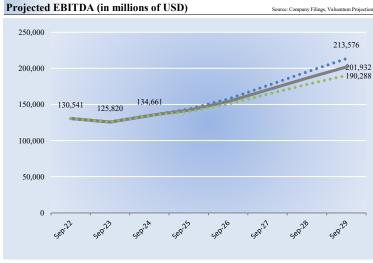
Revenue Growth				MODEST
		Last Fiscal		
		Year Revenue	3-year Historical CAGR	5-year Projected CAGR
Apple	USD	391,035	2.2%	6.7%
Alphabet	USD	307,394	19.0%	11.1%
Amazon.com	USD	637,959	10.7%	10.3%
Meta Platforms	USD	164,501	11.7%	12.9%
Microsoft	USD	245,122	13.4%	11.4%
Peer Median			12.6%	11.2%
Industry Median			9.1%	8.7%

Apple's revenue expansion has trailed the median of both its peer group and its industry group during the past three years. We expect the firm's pace of revenue growth to fall below the median of both its peer group and industry group during the next five years. Our growth assessment of each firm is based on the firm's 5-year forward revenue CAGR. Apple's future pace of revenue growth is MODEST, in our opinion.

In the chart above, we show our baseline forecast for revenue as well as potential upside and downside cases.

EBITDA Growth								
		Last Fiscal						
		Year	3-year Historical	5-year Projected				
		EBITDA	CAGR	CAGR				
Apple	USD	134,661	3.8%	8.4%				
Alphabet	USD	100,172	22.2%	15.7%				
Amazon.com	USD	120,468	26.6%	14.8%				
Meta Platforms	USD	83,717	15.2%	14.4%				
Microsoft	USD	129,433	17.0%	11.8%				
Peer Median			19.6%	14.6%				
Industry Median			8.1%	12.7%				

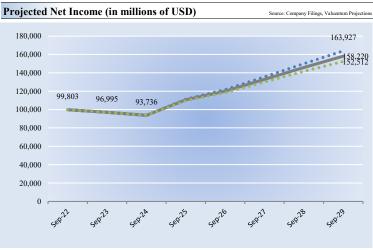
Apple's EBITDA expansion has trailed both that of its peer group and its industry group during the past three years. We expect the firm's pace of EBITDA growth to fall below that of both its peer group and industry group during the next five years. Alphabet sports the highest expected EBITDA growth rate among peers.



In the chart above, we show our baseline forecast for EBITDA as well as potential upside and downside cases.

Net Income Growth		Last Fiscal Year Net Income	3-year Historical CAGR	5-year Projected CAGR
Apple	USD	93,736	-0.3%	11.0%
Alphabet	USD	73,795	22.4%	17.0%
Amazon.com	USD	59,248	21.1%	17.9%
Meta Platforms	USD	62,360	16.6%	13.0%
Microsoft	USD	88,136	12.9%	12.7%
Peer Median			18.8%	15.0%
Industry Median			4.4%	12.8%

Apple's net income expansion has trailed both that of its peer group and its industry group during the past three years. We expect the firm's pace of net income growth to fall below that of both its peer group and industry group during the next five years. Amazon.com sports the highest expected net income growth rate among peers.



In the chart above, we show our baseline forecast for net income as well as potential upside and downside cases



Apple AAPL FAIRLY VALUED

Buying Index™

Value Rating

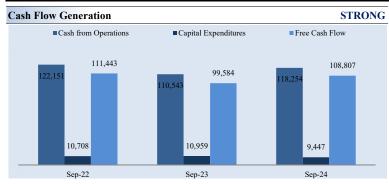


Economic Castle Very Attractive Estimated Fair Value \$235.00 Fair Value Range \$188.00 - \$282.00 Investment Style MEGA-CAP VALUE **Sector**Information Technology

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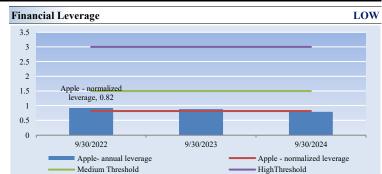
Industry
Technology Giants

Cash Flow and Financial Leverage Analysis



The bars above show the firms operating cash flow, capital expenditures, and free cash flow, respectively

Firms that generate a free cash flow margin (free cash flow divided by total revenue) above 5% are usually considered cash cows. Apple's free cash flow margin has averaged about 27.4% during the past 3 years. As such, we think the firm's cash flow generation is relatively STRONG. The free cash flow measure shown above is derived by taking cash flow from operations less capital expenditures and differs from enterprise free cash flow (FCFF), which we use in deriving our fair value estimate for the company. For more information on the differences between these two measures, please visit our website at Valuentum.com. At Apple, cash flow from operations decreased about 3% from levels registered two years ago, while capital expenditures fell about 12% over the same time period.



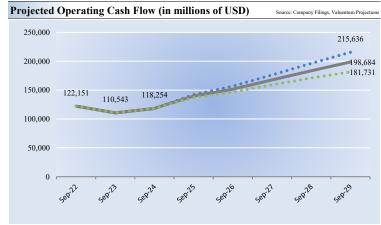
The bars above show the firm's annual debt-to-EBITDA. The red line shows the firm's normalized measure.

Firms that exhibit high leverage tend to be more risky than firms with relatively low debt loads, all else equal. We measure financial leverage by taking a firm's current total debt load and dividing it by the firm's trailing average 3-year annual EBITDA. Firms that are over 3 for this metric, we rate as having high leverage. Companies that have less than 1.5 turns of leverage (or a measure below 1.5), we rate as having low leverage. Apple's normalized debt-to-EBITDA measure of about 0.82 puts it in the LOW camp.

Cash Flow from Operations

		Last Fiscal Year CFO	3-year Historical CAGR	5-year Projected CAGR
Apple	USD	118,254	4.4%	10.9%
Alphabet	USD	101,746	16.0%	12.8%
Amazon.com	USD	115,877	35.7%	14.6%
Meta Platforms	USD	91,328	16.6%	10.9%
Microsoft	USD	118,548	15.6%	11.4%
Peer Median			16.3%	12.1%
Industry Median			9.2%	11.3%

Apple's cash flow from operations expansion has trailed both that of its peer group and its industry group during the past three years. We expect the firm's pace of cash flow from operations growth to fall below that of both its peer group and industry group during the next five years. Amazon.com sports the highest expected cash flow from operations growth rate among peers.

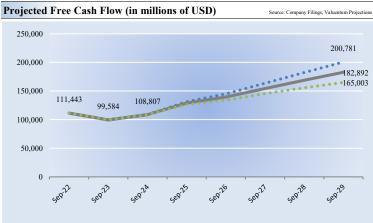


In the chart above, we show our baseline forecast for CFO as well as potential upside and downside cases.

Free Cash Flow (CFO-capital expenditures)

		Last Fiscal Year FCF	3-year Historical CAGR	5-year Projected CAGR
Apple	USD	108,807	5.4%	10.9%
Alphabet	USD	69,495	17.5%	16.8%
Amazon.com	USD	32,878	-230.7%	34.7%
Meta Platforms	USD	54,072	11.5%	9.1%
Microsoft	USD	74,071	9.7%	15.4%
Peer Median			10.6%	16.1%
Industry Median			9.1%	11.1%

Apple's free cash flow expansion has trailed both that of its peer group and its industry group during the past three years. We expect the firm's pace of free cash flow growth to fall below that of both its peer group and industry group during the next five years. Amazon.com sports the highest expected free cash flow growth rate among peers.



In the chart above, we show our baseline forecast for free cash flow as well as potential upside and downside cases

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Valuation Analysis

Valuation Assumptions				
In Millions of USD (except for per share items)	5-year Projections			
Revenue CAGR %	6.7%			
Avg. EBIT Margin %	32.9%			
Avg. Cash Tax Rate %	15.0%			
Earnings Before Interest CAGR %	7.8%			
Earnings Per Share CAGR %	12.2%			
Free Cash Flow to the Firm CAGR %	8.8%			
Earnings before interest = Net operating profits less adjusted taxes	Long-term Projection	ns		
Phase II> III FCFF CAGR %	2.8% (II) 39	% (III)		
Cost of Equity %	7.6%			
After-tax Cost of Debt %	3.9%			
Discount Rate (WACC) %	7.4%			
Synthetic credit spread = 1.29%	Results			
Phase I Present Value	619,487			
Phase II Present Value	1,390,710			
Phase III Present Value	1,520,204			
Total Firm Value	3,530,401			
Net Balance Sheet Impact	50,021			
Total Equity Value	3,580,422			
Diluted Shares Outstanding	15,254.0			
Fair Value per Share	\$235.00			

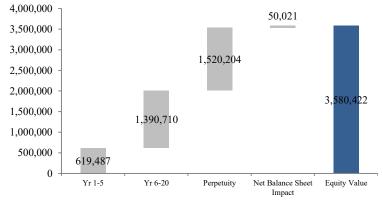
DCF Valuation Summary

We think Apple is worth \$235 per share with a fair value range of \$188.00 - \$282.00. The margin of safety around our fair value estimate is driven by the firm's LOW ValueRiskTM rating, which is derived from an evaluation of the historical volatility of key valuation drivers and a future assessment of them. Our near-term operating forecasts, including revenue and earnings, do not differ much from consensus estimates or management guidance. Our model reflects a compound annual revenue growth rate of 6.7% during the next five years, a pace that is higher than the firm's 3-year historical compound annual growth rate of 2.2%. Our model reflects a 5-year projected average operating margin of 32.9%, which is above Apple's trailing 3-year average. Beyond year 5, we assume free cash flow will grow at an annual rate of 2.8% for the next 15 years and 3% in perpetuity. For Apple, we use a 7.4% weighted average cost of capital to discount future free cash flows.

Valuation Breakdown

In the chart below, we show the build up to our estimate of total enterprise value for Apple and the break down to the firm's total equity value, which we estimate to be about 3580.42USD billion. The present value of the enterprise free cash flows generated during each phase of our model and the net balance sheet impact is displayed. We divide total equity value by diluted shares outstanding to arrive at our \$235 per share fair value estimate.

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In Millions of USD

Enterprise Free Cash Flow				
	Fiscal Year End:	9/30/2022	9/30/2023	9/30/2024
Earnings before Interest		112,765	99,185	117,807
+ Depreciation		11,104	11,519	11,445
- Capital Expenditures		10,708	10,959	9,447
- Change in Working Capital		-1,560	2,942	-136
- Acquisitions		0	0	0
Enterprise Free Cash Flow (FCFF)	114,721	96,803	119,941
In Millions of USD				

Our future forecasts for key valuation drivers result in a future free enterprise cash flow stream. Above, we show how we calculate enterprise free cash flow and the historical performance of the metric for Apple. Over the next five years, we expect the firm's enterprise free cash flow to expand at about a 9% compound annual growth rate. During years 6 through 20, we expect the measure to grow at a 2.8% rate. Beyond year 20 (in perpetuity), we grow the firm's free cash flow at inflation (3%).

Source: Company Filings, Valuentum Projection

Company Metrics versus Peer and Industry Medians

Company Name	Valuentum Buying Index™	Forward Price-to- Earnings	P/E on Est. Normal Diluted EPS	Price/Earnings-to- Growth (PEG), 5- year	Forward EV/EBITDA	EV/Est. Normal EBITDA	5-year Forward Earnings per Share CAGR	3-year Hist Avg ROIC, without goodwill	Dividend Yield %	Stock Price / Fair Value Estimate
Apple	3	28.4	23.0	2.8	21.7	18.0	12.2%	89.5%	0.5%	87.4%
Alphabet	7	24.4	18.2	1.7	18.4	14.3	19.4%	76.5%	0.4%	96.0%
Amazon.com	3	NMF	23.4	NMF	16.9	12.4	17.9%	13.8%	0.0%	96.7%
Meta Platforms	7	25.7	17.9	1.7	17.2	12.6	16.1%	63.9%	0.3%	98.1%
Microsoft	3	30.0	22.4	2.4	20.6	15.9	13.9%	49.8%	0.8%	90.9%
Peer Median	5.0	25.7	20.3	1.7	17.8	13.5	17.0%	56.8%	0.4%	96.3%
Industry Median	4.0	23.6	18.5	2.1	15.9	13.0	15.2%	56.6%	0.8%	96.3%

View back of report for a full list of industry constituents covered by Valuentum. VBI: Valuentum's ranking for the attractiveness of this investment at the date of the report.



Apple AAPL FAIRLY VALUED

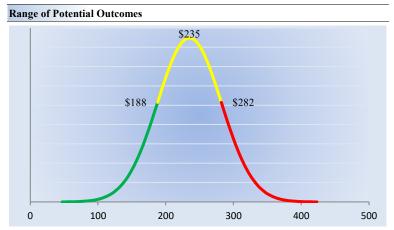
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Industry Technology Giants

Margin of Safety Analysis



Our discounted cash flow process values each firm on the basis of the present value of all future free cash flows. Although we estimate the firm's fair value at about \$235 per share, every company has a range of probable fair values that's created by the uncertainty of key valuation drivers (like future revenue or earnings, for example). After all, if the future were known with certainty, we wouldn't see much volatility in the markets as stocks would trade precisely at their known fair values. Our ValueRiskTM rating sets the margin of safety or the fair value range we assign to each stock. In the graph above, we show this probable range of fair values for Apple. We think the firm is attractive below \$188 per share (the green line), but quite expensive above \$282 per share (the red line). The prices that fall along the yellow line, which includes our fair value estimate, represent a reasonable valuation for the firm, in our opinion.

ValueRiskTM LOW

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Apple receives a ValueRisk™ rating of LOW based of the historical volatility of key drivers of economic value creation. The fair value range sets the margin of safety around our fair value estimate of the firm's shares.

Revenue Volatility	3.3%
Gross Margin Volatility	6.4%
Earnings (EBI) Volatility	10.5%
Cash Flow (FCFF) Volatility	11.6%
Fair Value Range	20.0%

The Fair Value Range sets the premium or discount on our estimate of the firm's fair value.

Upside and Downside Probabilities

Probability (fair value < \$0) Less than 0.1% Probability (fair value > 2x current share price) 0.01%

We strive to answer a few questions that investors often ask: 1) What are the chances of a total loss of investment in this company? and 2) What is the chance that the company is really worth twice what I paid for it? The probability (fair value < 0) strives to answer the first question. It indicates the chance that the firm may encounter insolvency based on the characteristics of its cash flow stream, capital structure, and risk profile. The probability (fair value > 2x current share price) strives to answer the second question. It is our best estimate of whether investors are participating in a half-off sale by buying the company's shares at current prices.

Future Path of Fair Value

We estimate Apple's fair value at this point in time to be about \$235 per share. As time passes, however, companies generate cash flow and pay out cash to shareholders in the form of dividends. The chart to the right compares the firm's current share price with the path of Apple's expected equity value per share over the next three years, assuming our long-term projections prove accurate. The range between the resulting downside fair value and upside fair value in Year 3 represents our best estimate of the value of the firm's shares three years hence. This range of potential outcomes is also subject to change over time, should our views on the firm's future cash flow potential change. The expected fair value of \$288 per share in Year 3 represents our existing fair value per share of \$235 increased at an annual rate of the firm's cost of equity less its dividend yield. The upside and downside ranges are derived in the same way, but from the upper and lower bounds of our fair value estimate range.



The graph above shows the expected future fair value of the firm's shares relative to its current stock price.

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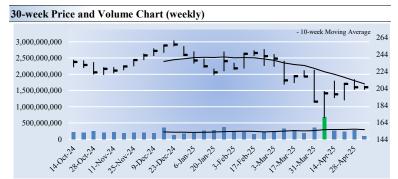
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Industry Technology Giants

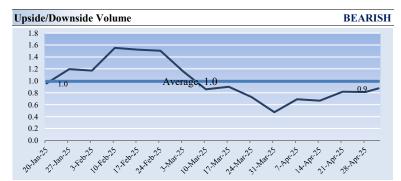
Technical Analysis



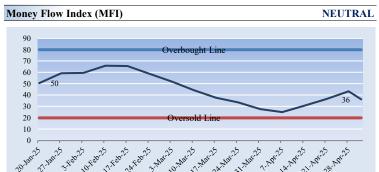
The firm's near-term moving average (5-week, grey line) and medium-term moving average (13-week, red line) are shown in the chart above. Typically, when a shorter-term moving average crosses a medium- or longer-term moving average from below, it represents a bullish signal. If the short-term moving average crosses from above, traders often view this as bearish. Apple's 5-week moving average is below its 13-week measure, indicating a BEARISH trend. This activity further confirms the company's 30-week downtrend.



In the chart above, we pinpoint the heaviest accumulation or distribution week of the firm, determined by the week with the highest trading volume during the past 30 weeks. A heavy accumulation (buying) or distribution (selling) week often determines the future near-term direction of the firm's share price, as money managers continue to move in or out of the stock in the days and weeks ahead driving the stock up or down, respectively. For Apple, the week with the highest trading volume out of the last 30 weeks was a week of heavy buying, or accumulation (green bar). Such market activity could indicate a reversal of a downtrend or further confirmation of the firm's uptrend.



The level and trend of the Upside/Downside (U/D) volume ratio reveals whether institutional participation has been bullish or bearish as of late. Apple's U/D volume ratio of 0.9 is not only less than 1 but also is lower than its trailing average, indicating BEARISH institutional interest during the past several weeks.



The Money Flow Index (MFI) is an oscillator that uses price and volume to measure buying and selling pressure. Chartists often look for overbought (above 80) and oversold (below 20) levels to warn of unsustainable near-term price extremes. Apple's MFI of 36 (green line) is neutral, suggesting the firm's stock is neither overbought nor oversold at this time. However, a score below 50 tends to favor bears. The MFI can also be used to gauge the strength or weakness of a firm's price trend. In Apple's case, its stock price and money flow neither reveals a bullish nor bearish divergence, further supporting our neutral view on its money flow action.

Relative Price Strength WEAK

A firm's relative price strength can be assessed over any number of time horizons. We show the firm's performance over the past 5 weeks, 13 weeks, and 30 weeks below. In arriving at our relative strength rating for each company, we assess the past 13 weeks, which includes the market's reaction to the firm's most recently reported quarter, where applicable, and other more recent economic events. During the past 13 weeks, Apple's shares returned -10.6%, while the market benchmark returned -4.1%. We think Apple's 13-week relative price performance is WEAK.

5-week Company Performance	15.9%
5-week Market Benchmark Performance	-7.2%
5-week Relative Performance vs. Market Benchmark	23.1%
13-week Company Performance	-10.6%
13-week Market Benchmark Performance	-4.1%
13-week Relative Performance vs. Market Benchmark	-6.5%
30-week Company Performance	-10.2%
30-week Market Benchmark Performance	0.6%
30-week Relative Performance vs. Market Benchmark	-10.8%

Timeliness Matrix TM Equity Valuation						
Relative Strength	Overvalued	Fairly Valued	Undervalued			
Strong						
Neutral						
Weak						

Firms that are undervalued and currently showing near-term pricing strength score near the top right of the matrix.

Companies that are undervalued and showing near-term relative price strength could represent timely buys, as the stock may be attractive to both value and momentum investors. A cross section of the firm's equity valuation and its relative share price strength is shown in the matrix above. We tend to prefer undervalued stocks that have strong pricing momentum, also called Valuentum stocks.



Apple AAPL FAIRLY VALUED

Buying Index™

3

Value Rating



 Economic Castle
 Estimated Fair Value
 Fair Value Range
 Investment Style
 Sector
 Industry

 Very Attractive
 \$235.00
 \$188.00 - \$282.00
 MEGA-CAP VALUE
 Information Technology
 Technology Giants

Pro Forma Income Statement

------- Historical ------ Projected -------

In Millions of USD (except for per share items)								
	Sep-22	Sep-23	Sep-24	Sep-25	Sep-26			
Total Revenue	394,328	383,285	391,035	409,961	440,462			
Cost of Goods Sold	223,546	214,137	210,352	219,921	235,173			
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses	25,094	24,932	26,097	27,284	29,176			
Other Operating Expenses	26,251	29,915	31,370	32,797	35,072			
Operating Income	119,437	114,301	123,216	129,959	141,041			
Unusual items	0	0	0	0	0			
Operating Income, including unusual items	119,437	114,301	123,216	129,959	141,041			
Interest Expense	0	0	0	0	0			
Other Non-operating Income	(334)	(565)	269	0	0			
Pre-tax Income	119,103	113,736	123,485	129,959	141,041			
Income Taxes	19,300	16,741	29,749	19,494	21,156			
Income after tax	99,803	96,995	93,736	110,465	119,885			
Minority Interest and Equity Income	0	0	0	0	0			
Net Income, excluding extra items	99,803	96,995	93,736	110,465	119,885			
Income Available to Common, excluding extra items	99,803	96,995	93,736	110,465	119,885			
Diluted Earnings per Share, excluding extra items	6.11	6.13	6.08	7.24	7.94			
Diluted Weighted Shares Outstanding	16,325.8	15,812.5	15,408.1	15,254.0	15,101.5			

Source: Company Filings, Xignite, Valuentum Projections

Note: Pro forma data in discounted cash-flow valuation may reflect significant adjustments from GAAP accounting data, including cash (not effective) tax rates and other analytical adjustments on a backward-looking and forward-looking basis. No individual data, by itself, found in this report should be used to make any investment decision.



Apple AAPL FAIRLY VALUED

Buying Index™

3

Value Rating



Economic CastleEstimated Fair ValueFair Value RangeInvestment StyleSectorIndustryVery Attractive\$235.00\$188.00 - \$282.00MEGA-CAP VALUEInformation TechnologyTechnology Giants

Pro Forma Balance Sheet

Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity

------ Historical ------ Projected -------

In Millions of USD (except for per share items)							
	Sep-22	Sep-23	Sep-24	Sep-25	Sep-26		
Assets							
Total Cash (including marketable securities)	169,109	162,099	156,650	237,877	329,506		
Inventory	4,946	6,331	7,286	7,500	7,895		
Accounts Receivable	60,932	60,985	66,243	68,898	73,432		
Other Current Assets	21,223	14,695	14,287	14,287	14,287		
Total Current Assets	256,210	244,110	244,466	328,563	425,120		
Gross Fixed Assets	124,874	114,599	119,128	129,992	142,160		
(Accumulated Depreciation)	(72,340)	(70,884)	(73,448)	(85,447)	(98,339)		
Net Property, Plant, and Equipment	52,534	43,715	45,680	44,545	43,821		
Goodwill, Net	0	0	0	0	0		
Intangibles, Net	0	0	0	0	0		
Other Long-term Assets	44,011	64,758	74,834	74,834	74,834		
Total Assets	352,755	352,583	364,980	447,942	543,775		
Liabilities							
Accounts Payable	64,115	62,611	68,960	71,357	75,493		
Other Current Liabilities	68,757	66,890	86,553	94,157	103,041		
Current Portion of Long-term Debt	21,110	15,807	20,879	20,879	20,879		
Total Current Liabilities	153,982	145,308	176,392	186,393	199,413		
Long-term Debt	98,959	95,281	85,750	85,750	85,750		
Other Long-term Liabilities	49,142	49,848	45,888	45,888	45,888		
Total Liabilities	302,083	290,437	308,030	318,031	331,051		
Total Elabilities	302,003	270,437	300,030	310,031	331,031		
Preferred Stock	0	0	0	0	0		
Chaushaldand Equity							
Shareholders' Equity Common Stock and Additional Paid in Capital	64,849	73,812	83,276	83,276	83,276		
Retained Earnings	(3,068)	(214)	ĺ	75,447	178,841		
Other Equity	(11,109)	(11,452)	` ' /	(28,813)	(49,393)		
Total Shareholders' Equity	50,672	62,146	56,950	129,910	212,724		
Total Shareholders Equity	30,072	02,140	30,930	149,910	212,/24		

Source: Company Filings, Xignite, Valuentum Projections

543,775

447,942

Note: Pro forma data in discounted cash-flow valuation may reflect significant adjustments from GAAP accounting data, including cash (not effective) tax rates and other analytical adjustments on a backward-looking and forward-looking basis. No individual data, by itself, found in this report should be used to make any investment decision.

352,755

352,583

364,980



Data as of 2-May-2025 Valuentum Retail Equity Research (10=best)

Apple AAPL FAIRLY VALUED

Buying Index™

3

Value Rating

----- Projected -----



Estimated Fair Value Economic Castle Fair Value Range **Investment Style** Sector Industry Very Attractive \$235.00 \$188.00 - \$282.00 MEGA-CAP VALUE Information Technology **Technology Giants**

----- Historical -----

Pro Forma Cash Flow Statement

	Sep-22	Sep-23	Sep-24	Sep-25	Sep-26
Cash from Operations					
Net Income	99,803	96,995	93,736	110,465	119,885
Depreciation and Amortization	11,104	11,519	11,445	11,999	12,892
Deferred Income Taxes	0	0	0	0	0
Operating Gains Or Losses	11,244	2,029	13,073	10,000	10,744
Changes in Working Capital	0	0	0	7,132	8,091
Cash Flow from Operations	122,151	110,543	118,254	139,596	151,611
Cash from Investing					
Purchase of Property, Plant, Equipment	(10.700)	(10.050)	(0.447)	(10.964)	(12.169)
	(10,708)	(10,959)	(9,447)	(10,864)	(12,168)
Other Investing Cash Flows	(11,646)	14,664	12,382	0	0
Cash Flow from Investing	(22,354)	3,705	2,935	(10,864)	(12,168)
Cash from Financing					
Issuance (Retirement) of Stock	(95,625)	(82,981)	(100,390)	(31,641)	(31,324)
Issuance (Retirement) of Debt	(123)	(9,901)	(5,998)	0	o
Dividends Paid	(14,841)	(15,025)	(15,234)	(15,864)	(16,491)
Other Financing Cash Flows	(160)	(581)	(361)	0	0
Cash Flow from Financing	(110,749)	(108,488)	(121,983)	(47,505)	(47,815)
Foreign Exchange	0	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Cash	(10,952)	5,760	(794)	81,227	91,629

Source: Company Filings, Xignite, Valuentum Projections

Note: Pro forma data in discounted cash-flow valuation may reflect significant adjustments from GAAP accounting data, including cash (not effective) tax rates and other analytical adjustments on a backward-looking and forward-looking basis. No individual data, by itself, found in this report should be used to make any investment decision.



Apple AAPL FAIRLY VALUED

Buying Index™

Value Rating



Economic Castle Very Attractive Estimated Fair Value \$235.00 Fair Value Range \$188.00 - \$282.00 Investment Style MEGA-CAP VALUE **Sector**Information Technology

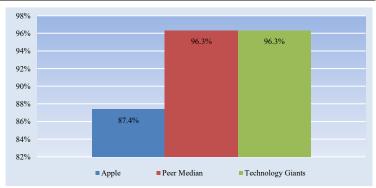
3

Industry Technology Giants

Technology Giants

Technology Giants FAIRLY VALUED We think the Technology Giants industry is fairly valued at this time. The industry's

We think the Technology Giants industry is fairly valued at this time. The industry's market cap is trading between 80% and 120% of our estimate of its fair value based on our DCF process. Although we use a firm-specific ValueRisk™ measure to determine whether a firm is undervalued or overvalued based on our DCF process, we consider an industry to be undervalued if it is trading below 80% of our estimate of its fair value and overvalued if it is trading at over 120% of our estimate of its fair value. We think these fair value ranges are appropriate given the diversification benefits of holding a basket of stocks. Although there may be individual opportunities within the Technology Giants industry, we don't find the industry as a whole attractive based solely on valuation.



The above bar chart reveals the price/fair value of the company, its peers, and the industry as a whole.

Shaded blue denotes that the firm has earned the highest rating for that respective category.

Company Name	Ticker	Market Cap (USD- mil)	Investment Style	DCF Valuation	Relative Valuation	ValueCreation™	ValueRisk™	ValueTrend™	Technicals	Relative Strength
Adobe Systems	ADBE	168,574	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	LOW	POSITIVE	BEARISH	WEAK
Advanced Micro Devices	AMD	187,922	LARGE-CAP BLEND	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	POOR	MEDIUM	NEGATIVE	BEARISH	WEAK
Alibaba	BABA	255,066	MEGA-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	EXCELLENT	MEDIUM	POSITIVE	BULLISH	STRONG
Alphabet	GOOG	2,452,618	MEGA-CAP BLEND	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	LOW	NEGATIVE	BULLISH	STRONG
Amazon.com	AMZN	2,321,954	MEGA-CAP BLEND	FAIRLY VALUED	UNATTRACTIVE	GOOD	MEDIUM	POSITIVE	BEARISH	NEUTRAL
Analog Devices	ADI	97,611	LARGE-CAP BLEND	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	LOW	NEGATIVE	BEARISH	NEUTRAL
Ansys	ANSS	28,951	LARGE-CAP GROWTH	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	EXCELLENT	MEDIUM	NEGATIVE	BEARISH	WEAK
Apple	AAPL	3,132,413	MEGA-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	UNATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	LOW	NEGATIVE	BEARISH	WEAK
Applied Materials	AMAT	141,523	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	MEDIUM	POSITIVE	VERY BEARISH	WEAK
Automatic Data Processing	ADP	121,972	LARGE-CAP CORE	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	EXCELLENT	LOW	POSITIVE	BEARISH	NEUTRAL
Baidu	BIDU	32,425	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	GOOD	MEDIUM	POSITIVE	BULLISH	NEUTRAL
Booking Holdings	BKNG	166,777	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	LOW	POSITIVE	VERY BULLISH	WEAK
Broadcom	AVGO	916,850	MEGA-CAP BLEND	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	EXCELLENT	MEDIUM	NEGATIVE	BEARISH	WEAK
Cisco	CSCO	242,209	MEGA-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	LOW	NEGATIVE	VERY BEARISH	STRONG
eBay	EBAY	33,509	LARGE-CAP CORE	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	MEDIUM	NEGATIVE	BULLISH	STRONG
Enphase Energy	ENPH	9,079	MID-CAP BLEND	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	LOW	NEGATIVE	BEARISH	WEAK
IBM	IBM	229,208	MEGA-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	LOW	POSITIVE	VERY BEARISH	STRONG
Intel	INTC	103,833	LARGE-CAP CORE	FAIRLY VALUED	UNATTRACTIVE	POOR	VERY HIGH	POSITIVE	BULLISH	STRONG
KLA Corp	KLAC	100,046	LARGE-CAP CORE	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	LOW	NEGATIVE	BULLISH	STRONG
Korn/Ferry	KFY	3,389	MID-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	LOW	NEGATIVE	BEARISH	STRONG
Lam Research	LRCX	98,107	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	LOW	NEGATIVE	BEARISH	STRONG
Manpower	MAN	2,708	MID-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	MEDIUM	NEGATIVE	BEARISH	WEAK
Mastercard	MA	512,826	MEGA-CAP GROWTH	FAIRLY VALUED	UNATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	LOW	POSITIVE	BULLISH	NEUTRAL
Meta Platforms	META	1,611,331	MEGA-CAP BLEND	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	MEDIUM	NEGATIVE	BULLISH	NEUTRAL
Micron Technology	MU	95,411	LARGE-CAP BLEND	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	POOR	MEDIUM	NEGATIVE	BEARISH	WEAK
Microsoft	MSFT	2,944,636	MEGA-CAP BLEND	FAIRLY VALUED	UNATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	LOW	NEGATIVE	BEARISH	WEAK
Nvidia	NVDA	3,161,519	MEGA-CAP BLEND	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	EXCELLENT	MEDIUM	POSITIVE	BEARISH	WEAK
Oracle	ORCL	431,289	MEGA-CAP BLEND	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	LOW	NEGATIVE	BEARISH	WEAK
PayPal	PYPL	76,316	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	GOOD	LOW	POSITIVE	BEARISH	WEAK
QUALCOMM	QCOM	168,431	LARGE-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	LOW	NEGATIVE	BEARISH	NEUTRAL
Salesforce.com	CRM	273,475	MEGA-CAP VALUE	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	LOW	POSITIVE	NEUTRAL	WEAK
Taiwan Semiconductor	TSM	1,028,073	MEGA-CAP BLEND	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	MEDIUM	NEGATIVE	BEARISH	NEUTRAL
Texas Instruments	TXN	167,960	LARGE-CAP BLEND	FAIRLY VALUED	NEUTRAL	EXCELLENT	MEDIUM	NEGATIVE	BEARISH	WEAK
Visa	v	814,480	MEGA-CAP GROWTH	FAIRLY VALUED	ATTRACTIVE	EXCELLENT	LOW	NEGATIVE	VERY BEARISH	NEUTRAL
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Valuentum's Full Page Stock Report

DCF Valuation Shows whether the firm is undervalued, fairly valued, or overvalued based on our DCF process

and by how much.

Valuentum Buying Index (VBI)

Provides insight into the timeliness of an investment opportunity. We rank firms from 1 to 10 based on rigorous fiancial, valuation, and technical analysis. A 10 represents one of our top picks.



Valuentum Value Rating (VVR)

Indicates whether we think a firm is undervalued, fairly valued, or overvalued on the basis of our DCF process.



Investment Considerations

Evaluates firms on 12 different measures, from the firm's growth and cash flow generation to the stock's money flow index and upside/downside volume. We reveal technical support and resistance levels.

Business Quality

for shareholders

operations.

compared wth the

underlying risk of its

Investment Highlights

analysis of its financial

and technical strengths

Relative Valuation

Comparison of the

peers.

firm's PE, PEG, and

Price/FV ratios versus

Our opinion of the

and weaknesses.

company, including

Summary of the firm's

ability to create value

30-week Price and **Volume Action**

> Displays the last accumulation or distribution week of the stock and historical price and volume action.

Company Vitals

industry and other

relevant company

Normalized EPS

Estimation of the

firm's normalized

earnings measures

valuation mutliples.

corresponding

and EBITDA

and the

Shows sector.

information.

Apple AAPL UNDERVALUED 3 Buying Index™ Value Rating Economic Castle Highest Rated Estimated Fair Value Investment Style MEGA-CAP VALUE Computer Hardware Information Technology Investment Consideration Apple is as much a brand as it is one of the most innovative companies.

Stock Chart (weekly) 1,200,000,000 800.000.000 Company Vitals Apple is as much a brand as it is one of the world's \$675,472 Market Cap (USD)

180,295

1.2%

2.28

7.3%

9.55

12.2

36.8%

19.3%

160.3%

89.47 - 118.69

Information Technology

UNDERVALUED Relative Valuation UNATTRACTIVE ValueCreationTM EXCELLENT ValueRiskTM LOW ValueTrendTM POSITIVE STRONG Cash Flow Generation Financial Leverage LOW Growth MODEST Technical Evalua BULLISH Relative Strength STRONG Money Flow Index (MFI) NEUTRAL Upside/Downside Volume (U/D) BULLISH Near-term Technical Support, 10-week MA DCF = Discounted Cash Flow; MFI, U/D = Please see gloss 112.00 **Business Quality**

/alueRisk™	Very Poor	Poor	Good	Excellen
Low				
Medium				
High				
Very High				
irms that generate economic	profits with little ope	rating variability scor	e near the top rigi	at of the matrix.
Relative Valuation	K	Forward P/E	PEG	Price / FV
BlackBerry		-53.0	NMF	89.2%

Financial Summary	Acts	:al les	
Price / FV = Current Stor	ed by Estimated Fair Va	due	
Apple	14.0	2.0	
Peer Median	10.4	1.8	
BM	11.7	2.6	
Hewlett-Packard	9.0	NMF	
Cray	49.4	0.9	
BlackBerry	-53.0	NMF	
Relative Valuatio	Forward P/E	PEG	
irms that generate economic profits with litt	de operating variability score	e near the top right	0
Very High			l

Peer Median	10.4	1.8	83.3%
Apple	14.0	2.0	79.3%
Price / FV = Current Stor vided by I	Stimated Fair Val	ise	
Financial Summar	Actus	Projected	
Fiscal Year End:	Sep-14	Sep-15	Sep-16
Revenue	182,795	233,715	215,485
Revenue, YoY%	7.0%	27.9%	-7.8%
Operating Income	52,503	71,230	63,313
Operating Margin %	28.7%	30.5%	29.4%
Net Income	39,510	53,394	48,329
Net Income Margin %	21.6%	22.8%	22.4%
Diluted EPS	6.45	9.22	8.34
Diluted EPS, YoY %	13.6%	42.8%	-9.5%
Free Cash Flow (CFO-capex)	49,900	69,778	47,138
Free Cash Flow Margin % In Millions of USD (except for per share items)	27.3%	29.9%	21.9%

Forward EPS Growth (5-yr)
NMF = Not Meanineful: Est = Estimated: FY = Fiscal Year Returns Summary Return on Equity Return on Assets ROIC, with goodwill ROIC, without goodwill ROIC = Return on Invested Capital; NM

Quick Ratio

Avg Weekly Vol (30 wks)

30-week Range (USD)

Valuentum Sector

5-week Return

13-week Return

30-week Return Dividend Yield %

Dividends per Share

Est. Normal Diluted EPS

Est. Normal EBITDA

Forward EV/EBITDA

EV/Est. Normal EBITDA

Forward Dividend Payout Ratio

P/E on Est. Normal Diluted EPS

Forward Revenue Growth (5-yr)

Leverage, Coverage, and Liquidity Total Debt 64,462 Net Debt -141.204 Total Debt/EBITDA 0.8 Net Debt/EBITDA NMF EBITDA/Interest

· Investors should pay close attention to the firm's gross margin, which is expected to fall to 37.5%-38% in fiscal 2016 from 40% in fiscal 2015. Pricing and cost pressures may be unavoidable. A slight step back fiscal 2016 should not be a major concern

most innovative companies. The firm is no longer

known for its iPods and personal computers, as the

proliferation of the iPhone over the past several years

has been a sight to behold. The company's execution out innovative products in technology, its most recent in your product launch.

· Criticism over the firm's dependence on sales of the • Criticism over the rimm's dependence on sales of the iPhone gained momentum in fiscal 2016, as the second quarter of the fiscal year marked the first quarterly sales decline in 13 years. High levels of demand for the iPhone 7 and multiple safety issues at

rival Samsung have eased concerns for the time being.

· Apple's rollout of future iterations of the iPhone should propel its fundamentals higher. Though we're

not embedding another blockbuster hit in our model,

we wouldn't be surprised if Apple delivers another one

from its pipeline. Perhaps only a dream five years ago

the popularity of the new Apple Watch is now worth

stching, though it has yet to catch fire in the eyes of

vestors given Apple's massive cash position and impressive track record. · Apple's cash hoard is more than some of the market

capitalizations of the largest companies in the S&P 500. The company retains tremendous flexibility in this regard, and we continuous increases and share buybacks.

Structure of the Computer Hardware Industry The computer hardware space, which spans the personal computer to the iPhone and iPad, is highly competitive. The indus is characterized by frequent product introductions and rapid technological advances that can cause dramatic market share shifts. Though some firms benefit from a strong brand, participants often price aggressively, pressuring margins. Firms are also subject to potential component shortages/disruptions, which can punish performance. Obsolescence may be an eventuality for some, and services revenue has become critical for others. We're neutral on the space

Returns Summary

3-year averages of the firm's key return measures, including return on invested capital, with and without goodwill.



Page 1

Leverage, Coverage, and Liquidity

A snapshot of the company's financial health.



Financial Summary

A summary of the proforma financial statements found in the extended report.

About Valuentum

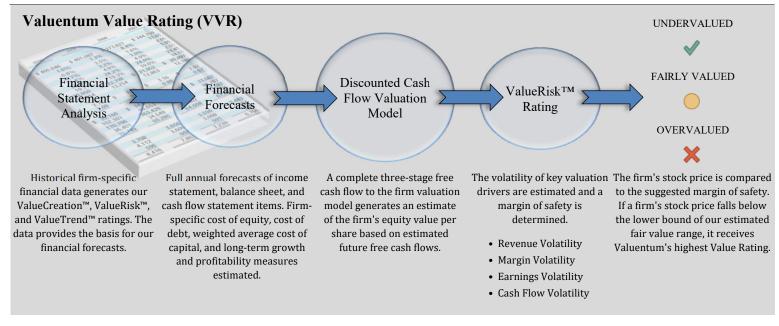
@Valuentum, we strive to stand out from the crowd. Most investment research publishers fall into a few camps, whether it be value, growth, income, momentum, chartist or some variant of the aforementioned. We think each in its own right holds merit, but we think the combination of these approaches can be even more powerful. After all, stock price movements aren't just driven by investors of the value or growth variety, but by all market participants. Therefore, we look at stocks from a variety of investment perspectives in order to better understand and identify ideas. We want to provide relevant information.

The core of our process is grounded in rigorous discounted cash flow analysis and incorporates the concept of a margin of safety. We offer a fair value estimate for each company and provide a relative valuation assessment in the context of a company's industry and closest peers. A cross section of our ValueCreationTM and ValueRiskTM ratings provides a financial assessment of a company's business quality, while our ValueTrendTM rating offers insight into the trajectory of a firm's economic profit creation. The Economic Castle rating measures the magnitude of future economic value generation, and the Dividend Cushion ratio assesses the financial capacity of a company to keep raising its dividend.

Our analysis doesn't stop there. We also offer a technical evaluation of the stock as well as other momentum indicators. We not only want to reveal to readers which firms may be undervalued, in our view, but we also want to provide readers with information to help them assess entry and exit points. Most research publishers focus on arriving at a target price or fair value estimate, but may fall short of providing a technical assessment to bolster buy and sell disciplines. We strive to go the distance and provide readers with answers--not half the story.

An explanation of our approach would not be complete if we didn't describe our ideal stock idea. We're looking for companies that are undervalued--both on a DCF basis and versus peers--have strong growth potential, have a solid track record of creating economic profits for shareholders with reasonable risk, are strong cash flow generators, have manageable financial leverage, and are currently showing bullish technical and momentum indicators. For dividend growth ideas, we look for companies that have both the capacity and willingness to keep raising the dividend.

Can such stock ideas exist? Subscribe to Valuentum to receive our best investment ideas and analysis on hundreds of stocks, dividends, ETFs and more.



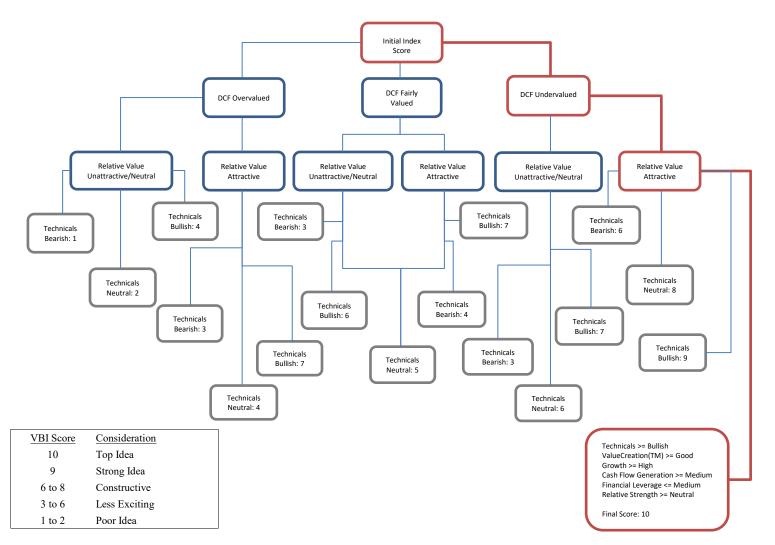
Methodology for Picking Stocks - Valuentum Buying IndexTM (VBI)

@Valuentum, we like to look at companies from a number of different perspectives. The Valuentum Buying Index (VBI) combines rigorous financial and valuation analysis with an evaluation of a stock's technicals to derive a rating between 1 and 10 for each company. The VBI places considerable emphasis on a company's discounted cashflow (DCF) valuation, its relative valuation versus peers (both forward PE and PEG ratios), and its technicals in order to help readers assess entry and exit points on the most interesting ideas.

Let's follow the red line on the flow chart below to see how a company can score a 10, the best mark on the index. First, the company would need to be 'undervalued' on a DCF basis and 'attractive' on a relative value basis. The stock would also have to be exhibiting 'bullish' technicals. The firm would need a ValueCreationTM rating of 'good' or 'excellent', exhibit 'high' or 'aggressive' growth prospects, and generate at least a 'medium' or 'neutral' assessment for cash flow generation, financial leverage, and relative price strength.

This is a tall order for any company. Stocks that don't make the cut for a 10 are ranked accordingly, with the least attractive stocks, in our opinion, garnering a rating of 1. Most of our coverage universe registers ratings between 3 and 7, but at any given time there could be large number of companies garnering either very high or very low scores, especially at market lows or tops, respectively.

The Best Ideas Newsletter portfolio puts the VBI into practice.



Glossary

Estimated Fair Value. This measure is our opinion of the fair equity value per share of the company. If our forecasts prove accurate, which may not always be the case, we may expect a firm's stock price to converge to this value within the next 3 years.

Fair Value Range. The fair value range represents an upper bound and lower bound, between which we would consider the firm to be fairly valued. The range considers our estimate of the firm's fair value and the margin of safety suggested by the volatility of key valuation drivers, including revenue, gross margin, earnings before interest, and enterprise free cash flow (the determinants behind our ValueRiskTM rating).

DCF Valuation. We opine on the firm's valuation based on our DCF process. Firms that are trading with an appropriate discount to our fair value estimate receive an UNDERVALUED rating. Firms that are trading within our fair value range receive a FAIRLY VALUED rating, while firms that are trading above the upper bound of our fair value range receive an OVERVALUED rating.

Relative Value. We compare the firm's forward price-to earnings (PE) ratio and its price/earnings-to-growth (PEG) ratio to that of its peers. If both measures fall below the peer median, the firm receives an ATTRACTIVE rating. If both are above the peer median, the firm receives an UNATTRACTIVE rating. Any other combination results in a NEUTRAL rating.

ValueCreation™. This is a proprietary Valuentum measure. ValueCreation™ indicates the firm's historical track record in creating economic value for shareholders, taking the average difference between ROIC (without goodwill) and the firm's estimated WACC during the past three years. The firm's performance is measured along the scale of EXCELLENT, GOOD, POOR, and VERY POOR. Those firms with EXCELLENT ratings have a demonstrated track record of creating economic value, while those that register a VERY POOR mark have been destroying economic value.

ValueRisk™. This is a proprietary Valuentum measure. ValueRisk™ indicates the historical volatility of key valuation drivers, including revenue, gross margin, earnings before interest, and enterprise free cash flow. The standard deviation of each measure is calculated and scaled against last year's measure to arrive at a percentage deviation for each item. These percentage deviations are weighted equally to arrive at the corresponding fair value range for each stock, measured in percentage terms. The firm's performance is measured along the scale of LOW, MEDIUM, HIGH, and VERY HIGH. The ValueRisk™ rating for each firm also determines the fundamental beta of each firm along the following scale: LOW (0.85), MEDIUM (1), HIGH (1.15), VERY HIGH (1.3).

ValueTrend™. This is a proprietary Valuentum measure. ValueTrend™ indicates the trajectory of the firm's return on invested capital (ROIC). Firms that earned an ROIC last year that was greater than the 3-year average of the measure earn a POSITIVE rating. Firms that earned an ROIC last year that was less than the 3-year average of the measure earn a NEGATIVE rating.

Cash Flow Generation. Firms' cash flow generation capacity are measured along the scale of STRONG, MEDIUM, and WEAK. A firm with a 3-year historical free cash flow margin (free cash flow divided by sales) greater than 5% receives a STRONG rating, while firms earning less than 1% of sales as free cash flow receive a WEAK rating.

Financial Leverage. Based on the firm's normalized debt-to-EBITDA metric, we rank firms on the following scale: LOW, MEDIUM, and HIGH. Companies with a normalized debt-to-EBITDA ratio below 1.5 receive a LOW score, while those with a measure above 3 receive a HIGH score.

Upside/Downside Volume. Heavy volume on up days and lower volume on down days suggests that institutions are heavily participating in a stock's upward advance. We use the trailing 14-week average of upside and downside volume to calculate an informative ratio. We rank each firm's U/D volume ratio along the following scale: BULLISH, IMPROVING, DETERIORATING, and BEARISH.

Investment Style. Valuentum uses its own proprietary stock-classification system. Nano-cap: Less than \$50 million; Micro-cap: Between \$50 million and \$200 million; Small-cap: Between \$200 million and \$2 billion; Mid-cap: Between \$2 billion and \$10 billion; Large-cap: Between \$10 billion and \$200 billion; Mega-cap: Over \$200 billion. Blend: Firm's that we think are undervalued and exhibit high growth prospects (growth in excess of three times the rate of assumed inflation). Value: Firm's that we believe are undervalued, but do not exhibit high growth prospects. Growth: Firms that are not undervalued, in our opinion, but exhibit high growth prospects. Core: Firms that are neither undervalued nor exhibit high growth prospects.

Company Vitals. In this section, we list key financial information and the sector and industry that Valuentum assigns to the stock. The P/E-Growth (5-yr), or PEG ratio, divides the current share price by last year's earnings (EPS) and then divides that quotient by our estimate of the firm's 5-year EPS growth rate. The estimated normalized diluted EPS and estimated normalized EBITDA represent the five-year forward average of these measures used in our discounted cash flow model. The P/E on estimated normalized EPS divides the current share price by estimated normalized diluted EPS. The EV/estimated normalized EBITDA considers the current enterprise value of the company and divides it by estimated normalized EBITDA. EV is defined as the firm's market capitalization plus total debt, minority interest, preferred stock less cash and cash equivalents.

Business Quality Matrix. We compare the firm's ValueCreation™ and ValueRisk™ ratings. The box is an easy way for investors to quickly assess the business quality of a company. Firms that generate economic profits with little operating variability score near the top right of the matrix.

Timeliness Matrix. We compare the company's recent stock performance relative to the market benchmark with our assessment of its valuation. Firms that are experiencing near-term stock price outperformance and are undervalued by our estimate may represent timely buys.

Range of Potential Outcomes. The firm's margin of safety is shown in the graphic of a normal distribution. We consider a firm to be undervalued if its stock price falls along the green line and overvalued if the stock price falls along the red line. We consider the firm to be fairly valued if its stock price falls along the yellow line.

Return on Invested Capital. At Valuentum, we place considerable emphasis on return on invested capital (both with and without goodwill). The measure focuses on the return (earnings) the company is generating on its operating assets and is superior to return on equity and return on assets, which can be skewed by a firm's leverage or excess cash balance, respectively.

Technical Evaluation. We evaluate a firm's near-term and medium-term moving averages and money flow index (MFI) to assign each firm a rating along the following scale: VERY BULLISH, BULLISH, NEUTRAL, BEARISH, and VERY BEARISH.

Stock Price Relative Strength. We assess the perfomance of the company's stock during the past quarter, 13 weeks, relative to an ETF that mirrors the aggregate performance of constituents of the stock market. Firms are measured along the scale of STRONG, NEUTRAL, and WEAK. Companies that have outperformed the market index by more than 2.5% during this 13-week period receive a STRONG rating, while firms that trailed the market index by more than 2.5% during this 13-week period receive a WEAK rating.

Money Flow Index (MFI). The MFI is a technical indicator that measures buying and selling pressure based on both price and volume. Traders typically use this measure to identify potential reversals with overbought and oversold levels. We use a 14-week measure to rank firms along the following scale: EXTREMELY OVERBOUGHT (>90), OVERBOUGHT (80-90), NEUTRAL (20-80), OVERSOLD (10-20), EXTREMELY OVERSOLD (0-10).



Disclosures, Disclaimers & Additional Sources

To send us feedback or if you have any questions, please contact us at valuentum@valuentum.com. We're always looking for ways to better serve your investment needs and improve our research.

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AAPL Rating History	Price	Fair Value	VBI	
2-May-25	\$205.35	\$235.00	3	
28-Jan-25	\$239.78	\$241.00	6	
11-Nov-24	\$222.09	\$229.00	3	
21-Aug-24	\$226.31	\$226.00	6	
4-Jun-24	\$194.02	\$190.00	6	
15-Mar-24	\$172.62	\$176.00	3	
22-Dec-23	\$193.60	\$180.00	6	
27-Nov-23	\$189.62	\$177.00	6	
7-Jul-23	\$190.68	\$167.00	5	
10-Apr-23	\$165.21	\$139.00	5	
24-Dec-22	\$129.93	\$140.00	3	
21-Sep-22	\$153.72	\$168.00	3	
26-Aug-22	\$163.62	\$168.00	6	
17-Jun-22	\$131.56	\$170.00	3	

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